Lib of Congress

Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

# THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXX.--NO. 71. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 13, 1902. WHOLE NO. 10,860

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| One Year, by Mail, | | $5.00 |
| Six Months, | " | 2.50 |
| Three Months, | " | 1.25 |
| Two Months, | " | 1.00 |

Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

## The Morning Star.

### OUTLINES.

Mine owners in the Pocahontas coal field declare that the strike is practically broken. —— The Republican beet sugar senators, after a conference, decided to continue their opposition to reciprocity with Cuba. —— Six trainmen were killed in a railroad collision near Chattanooga, Tenn. —— In all 10,225 Boers have surrendered up to date; many are youngsters of eleven years and upwards. —— The celebration at West Point ended yesterday with presentation of diplomas to the graduating class. —— Fire at Wheeling, W. Va., caused losses aggregating $150,000. —— Eight students enjoying a picnic, were injured by the tornado Tuesday near Washington, Iowa. —— In a fight between Sicilians in New Orleans three were killed and two seriously wounded; it was the outcome of an old feud. —— Two women fatally burned by the explosion of a can of kerosene oil at Roanoke, Va. —— U. S. training ship Chesapeake is ashore in Chesapeake Bay. —— German warships were ordered to Venezuela simply to safeguard German interests and not to enforce the collection of claims. —— New York markets: Money on call was steady at 2½c; flour was rather firm and more active; wheat—spot steady, No. 2 red 78@78½c; corn—spot easy, No. 2 69½c; oats—spot firm, No. 2 46½c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine dull at 49¼@49½c.

### WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., June 12.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending 8 P. M.:

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 75 degrees; 8 P. M., 76 degrees; maximum, 87 degrees; minimum, 68 degrees; mean, 78 degrees.

Rainfall for day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month to date, .52 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, N. C., at 8 A. M. 3 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

High temperatures, with generally clear weather, prevail in the cotton belt. Light local rain has fallen in the Memphis and New Orleans districts.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—For North Carolina: Showers and thunder storms Friday, cooler in central portion; Saturday showers; light to fresh south winds.

**Port Almanac—June 13.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Sun Rises | 4.41 A. M. |
| Sun Sets | 7.16 P. M. |
| Day's Length | 14 H. 35 M. |
| High Water at Southport | 1.35 A. M. |
| High Water Wilmington | 4.05 A. M. |

Oom Paul wasn't consulted about that peace deal and feels insulted.

Hon. Tom Tongue has been reelected to Congress from Oregon. He manages to control himself pretty well.

Some of the Republicans are bragging about our big $28.54 per capita of money. Pshaw! How much meat would that buy?

The regulation goose-egg hail stone would be knocked out in British Bengal, where some three pound chunks recently dropped. They don't fool with the hail stone business over there.

It is said that the negroes are dying out in Cuba too. But there is little probability of a shortage when they can be so easily imported from other islands. A good deal of that has been done already.

Mark Twain wept when he recently visited his birth-place in Missouri. It is no trouble for Mark to weep. He can always weep when he looks on the grave of a relative. He wept copiously at the grave of Adam.

Five scientists and a newspaper correspondent recently climbed Mount Souffriere and looked down into he crater. They couldn't see much, but could hear the water boiling. The old kettle must have a pretty good supply of water.

The Republicans are boasting of about $550,000,000 surplus in the Treasury. But that means just that much money unnecessarily taken out of the people's pockets by taxation. Unnecessary taxation is unjust taxation and legalized robbery.

The Washington correspondent of the Asheville *Citizen* quotes Speaker Henderson as saying that they will have to give the Appalachian park bill the go-by this session. They have appropriated so much money they will have to hold up and that will hold up the park for this session.

The city of Hong Kong, in China, is suffering for water. The wells have gone dry and the people are dependent for water on vessels that bring it from the mainland. It is doled out to the thirsty, who crowd around the places of distribution by the hundred with their vessels to get a little to take home to their suffering families.

## FINAL DAY'S SESSION.

### North Carolina Medical Society at Wrightsville Adjourned Yesterday Until 1903.

### VERY VALUABLE PAPERS.

**Those Heard on the Last Day Most Interesting, Perhaps, of the Entire Sessions—Delightful Trip on the Steamer Wilmington.**

Interesting papers by distinguished physicians and surgeons and able discussions of the subjects introduced were the features of the closing session of the 49th annual meeting of the N. C. Medical Society at the Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, yesterday morning.

Final adjournment was had at 1 o'clock in the afternoon and many of the visitors came up to the city and became guests of the local Board of Physicians on a delightful excursion down the Cape Fear on the splendid steamer *Wilmington*, in charge of that prince of good fellows, Capt. John W. Harper. The trip included all points of interest down the river and the visiting doctors and their friends were delighted with the entertainment. The steamer came alongside her wharf late in the afternoon and a number of the guests left on the evening train for their homes. The remainder of the party will leave today.

The final session of the Society at Wrightsville was called to order at 10 A. M., and report of sections was called for. "Creosote" was the subject of a valuable paper, read by Dr. J. B. Wright, and an interesting discussion followed by Dr. A. A. Kent, of Lenoir, leader of debate, and Dr. J. F. Highsmith, of Fayetteville. Dr. J. E. Stokes presented a treatise on "Cancer of the Uterus'" and the reading was followed by a lively debate. Dr. E. A. Moye, of Greenville, discussed "Perineal Lacerations, Their Prevention and the Necessities of Immediate Repair."

Perhaps one of the most valuable, if not the most valuable, papers of the entire sessions, was that on "Appendicitis," by Dr. F. J. Kirby, of Baltimore, Md. Dr. Kirby's treatise of the disease was thorough and was listened to with great profit.

"The Spirit of Commercialism," by Dr. B. R. Graham, of Wallace, was another of the very best read during the meeting. "Further Observations on Ovarion Cysts in Colored Women," was the title of a well prepared paper by Dr. Hubert A. Royster, of Raleigh.

From a practical standpoint, no treatise of the sessions was better than that at the meeting yesterday on "The Doctor, the Patient and the Importance of Good Roads to Both," by Dr. Eugene Street, of Glendon. By resolution it was ordered that the Society furnish the paper to the press for publication.

The visiting physicians speak in highest terms of the manner of their entertainment at the Seashore Hotel. Manager Hinton provided his table each day with all the delicacies of the sea, and each and every guest was given the utmost consideration. It is safe to say from what one heard from members of the Society yesterday that never before have they been more handsomely entertained for their annual meeting.

[Communicated.]

### SERVICES AT THE "KLONDYKE,"

Geo. O. Minor, of Baltimore, will conduct services at "Klondyke," D. V., near corner Fourth and Castle streets, Sunday at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M., and Wednesday and Friday at 8 P. M. The co-operation of all Christian workers is earnestly requested. The Mission will be undenominational in character, and will be for the sole purpose of giving the Gospel to those who have never had it before. The work is commendable; let all assist who can The "Klondyke" has been rented for a year by parties interested and will be used as a mission during the year.

**Death of a Young Man.**

John W. Smith, aged 19 years, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Smith, No. 6 Wooster street, and an employe of the Wilmington Cotton Mills, died Wednesday night at 10 o'clock of cerebral meningitis. The remains were sent to Whiteville, his former home yesterday afternoon for interment.

**Smallpox Patient Discharged.**

The negro Pearce, committed to the smallpox hospital about three weeks ago, was discharged yesterday. Pearce came here from Fayetteville and was the negro for whom Capt. Green had such a lively chase on a Sunday morning. The negro was given new clothes and sent on his way rejoicing.

**Grand Chapter, R. A. M.**

At the annual meeting yesterday at Winston-Salem of the Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, Mr. John C. Drewry, of Raleigh, was elected High Priest; Mr. H. G. Smallbones, Deputy High Priest, and Mr. James C. Munds, secretary. The delegates were expected home last night.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Schr. Wilmington—Schedule.
The Sneed Co.—Ready for you.
Geo. R. French & Sons—Invited.
J. W. Plummer, Jr.—Pineapples.
E. Warren & Son—Honey peaches.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

A. S. Winsted—Fruit, produce.

### LOCAL DOTS.

— Cotton on the local market advanced to 9¼ cents yesterday.

— A large Sunday School excursion from Durham will reach here tomorrow to visit the seashore.

— The schooner *C. C. Lister* cleared yesterday for New York with cargo from the Cape Fear Lumber Company.

— The Cape Fear Towing and Transportation Company has taken the offices formerly occupied by the Chadbourn Lumber Co.

— Invitations have been received in the city to attend an impromptu german to be given by the Riverside German Club at Lumberton to-night.

— The Norwegian barque *Kotka*, Capt. Eriksen, cleared yesterday for Amsterdam with cargo of 9,950 barrels of rosin consigned by Murchison & Company.

— Southport *Standard*: "The *Morning Star* has the contract to carry Fort Caswell mail between Southport and Fort Caswell for the year beginning July 1st, 1902."

— Two other dealers, one white and one colored, were each fined $25 and the costs for failure to pay license tax, yesterday. It is in dead earnest, too, for there are no remissions of the fine upon payment of cost.

— Fayetteville *Observer*, 12th: "State Engineer Joseph H. McRee, of Wilmington, arrived in the city today at noon to make the survey for the wharf of the Fayetteville and Wilmington Steamboat Company."

— Sampson *Democrat*: "The huckleberry market took a tumble Tuesday. The quality has been very inferior this season, caused in a great measure by the want of rain, and by the careless way in which they are gathered."

— Tenny's Crystal Parlors are still a delightful retreat for the young people of the city during the afternoons and evenings. Throngs of the most elite and fashionable people of the city are giving the proprietors a liberal patronage.

### KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS OFFICERS.

**Those Elected Last Night by Germania Lodge for Ensuing Term.**

Germania Lodge, No. 4, Knights of Pythias, at its regular meeting last night elected officers for the ensuing term, beginning July 1st as follows:

C. C.—G. F. Seiter.
V. C.—J. W. H. Fuchs.
P.—M. Bremer.
M. of W.—H. Gieschen.
M. at A.—H. F. Haar.
I. G.—M. Schnibben.
O. G.—J. F. Soll.

These with the appointive officers will be installed the first Friday night in July.

**McMullen-Miller Lumber Co.**

The Rowland Lumber Co., of Norfolk, has bought the large McMullen-Miller Lumber plant at Bowden and the mill is now running under their management. They also purchased all other property connected with the business including the hotel and store. Messrs. A. E. and W. H. McMullen are also large stockholders in the plant. The officers of the Rowland Lumber Co. are: S. C. Rowland, president; S. P. Ryland, Jr., vice president, and Geo. W. Jones, general manager. These and G. M. Sapell and J. H. Rowland make the board of directors.

**Algonquin in Washington.**

A special to the Raleigh *Post* from Washington, D. C., says: "The revenue cutter *Algonquin* from Wilmington, N. C, which has been in dry dock at Baltimore for several weeks past undergoing repairs, arrived in Washington yesterday. While coming up the river the *Algonquin* rescued two men who were clinging to the bottom of a capsized boat. The two men would have drowned but for the timely action of Captain Wiley of the *Algonquin* and the members of the crew. The *Algonquin* will remain here a week."

**Bitten By a Rattlesnake.**

A two-year-old son of Mr. George Trask, who resides a short distance from the city on the Federal Point road, was bitten by a large ground rattlesnake Wednesday afternoon, while he was playing near the edge of his father's house. The snake was killed soon after the child was bitten. The little fellow was brought to Wilmington and given medical attention by Dr. Charles T. Harper. He was doing very well yesterday.

**Rev. R. B. John to Wed.**

Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Rev. R. B. John, presiding elder of the Wilmington District, M. E. Church, and Miss Florina Gertrude Worth, of Guilford College, for the past few years principal of the High School of this city. The wedding will take place at the Friends church, Guilford College, on Wednesday, June 25th, at 4:30 o'clock. They will be at home after August 1st, at No. 408 Grace street, this city.

**On to Wilmington.**

Fayetteville *Observer*, 12th: "Messrs. H. B. Short of Lake Waccamaw, and Reston Stevenson, of Wilmington, arrived here from Chapel Hill Tuesday night at 11 o'clock, via the Cape Fear River. These young men embarked on New Hope Creek, four miles from Chapel Hill, in a canvas boat of their own making last Friday at noon and made their way to the city by water. They left for Wilmington early this morning in their small craft. They say the trip up to this point was a most enjoyable one."

## LOST ONE TO KELLY.

### With Their Crack Twirler in the Box the Farmers Won from the Locals Yesterday.

### THE SCORE, FIVE TO TWO.

**Krause in Better Form and Allowed But Six Scattered Hits—Sweeney Will Probably Go in To-day—The League Meeting in Raleigh.**

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Wilmington, 2; Greensboro, 5.
Durham, 11; Raleigh, 13.
Charlotte, 9; Newbern, 3.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO-DAY.

Greensboro at Wilmington
Durham at Raleigh.
Charlotte at Newbern.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

| | Won. | Lost. | Per cent. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Charlotte | 29 | 4 | .879 |
| Raleigh | 19 | 15 | .558 |
| Durham | 18 | 16 | .529 |
| Newbern | 16 | 18 | .470 |
| Greensboro | 16 | 18 | .470 |
| Wilmington | 4 | 29 | .121 |

Suggs, the star twirler on Kelly's staff, was very effective in the box for the visitors yesterday and let the locals down with three hits. Krause, the local firing artist, was in better form than on Monday and gave up six hits, which were, however, well scattered.

The score was 5 to 2 in favor of Greensboro, the runs having been principally on errors, though none of them were very glaring.

Neither team could send a man across the plate until the fifth and with the exception of the fourth the teams were up and down in almost their order. In Wilmington's half of the fourth Mathison drew four balls, stole second and went to third on catcher's passed ball, after Hines had bunted out and Dommel had fanned. With Mathison on third, Lawson fanned.

Three Greensboro chalks were pasted up in the fifth. McKernan got life on Deiters' error, was sacrificed by Poole and came home on Cooks single to left. Suggs bunted to Krouse, who threw wild and on a blocked ball, Umpire Sherman allowed the two runners to gallop across the plate. There was righteous indication at this flagrant violation of well established rules and a protest was entered by Manager Mace. McGeer and Myers, next up, flew out to left on beautiful work of Hines.

In the sixth, the locals put in their first run on a wild throw of Krause's hit from third to first and he came home on another error of the same kind, after Mathison and Hines were up and hit to the infield, Dommel having been doubled, short to first.

Wilmington got in a beautiful double in the seventh, but neither team scored.

In the eighth, the visitors put in two more on a pass to Suggs, a single by McKernan, a dumb play and an error of second. In their half of the same spasm the locals got another on a pass to Mathison, with two men down, and a beautiful single to centre by Hines, who played great ball throughout the game. No runs came in the ninth and these figures tell how "it was did:"

THE SCORE BY INNINGS.

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | R | H | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Greensboro | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 3 |
| Wilmington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

Batteries: Suggs and McTeer; Krause and Mathison.

THE TABULATED SCORE.

| GREENSBORO. | AB | R | BH | PO | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| McTeer, c | 5 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 2 | 0 |
| Myers, rf | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fox, 2b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 0 |
| Darby, ss | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Allen, 3b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| McKernan, 1b | 3 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 1 |
| Poole, cf | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cook, lf | 4 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Suggs, p | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 33 | 5 | 6 | 27 | 8 | 3 |

| WILMINGTON. | AB | R | BH | PO | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mathison, c | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Hines, lf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Dommel, 1b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 1 |
| Lawson, ss | 4 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 0 |
| McGinnis, cf | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Holland, rf | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Deiters, 3b | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| O'Neill, 2b | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 1 |
| Krause, p | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Total | 30 | 2 | 3 | 27 | 15 | 4 |

Summary: Bases stolen, McTeer, Myers, Allen and McGinnis. Double plays, Allen to Fox to McKernan, Lawson to O'Neill to Dommel, Base on balls, off Suggs 2, Krause 1. Hit by pitched ball, Myers, McKernan and Deiters. Struck out, by Suggs 10, Krause 4. Passed balls, McTeer 2. Time, 2 hours. Umpire, Mr. Sherman.

### Sweeney Will Pitch For Wimington To-Day.

— The game was very properly protested.

— Krause pitched fairly well except in the eighth inning.

— Ex-Mayor William Ellis is now Manager of the Newbern team.

— Crawley had a leg broken in the game at Newbern Wednesday.

— The horse editor will make a double play to-day. He will bet two nickels on Wilmington.

— The horse editor is disconsolate. He lost a nickel on the game. Now he feels like 55 cents.

— Manager Mace has sent in a protest of yesterday's game for reasons which appear elsewhere.

— King Kelly has not forgotten his early training but he never kicks except when he gets a chance.

— Vot ish de madder mit Herr Von Dommel? Out of fifteen times at the bat this week, on his home grounds, he has made only one hit.

— Umpire Sherman under telegraphic instructions of President Busbee, left last night for Newbern. An umpire for the game this afternoon will reach here this morning.

— The batting of Wilmington yesterday was a repetition of that of the day before. Of the total of three hits McGinnis made two and Hines made one.

— The official score was five to two; but it should have been three to two. Under a special rule prevailing here a runner is entitled to but one base on a blocked ball; but the umpire gave Kelly's Kritters two runs instead. Ignorance of the rule cannot be pleaded in justification, as it was the duty of the umpire to inquire of the captain of the home team if there were any special rules and, if any existed, to enforce them.

**The League Meeting Last Night.**

RALEIGH, N. C., June 12.—At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the North Carolina Baseball League here to-night Durham withdrew its protest against Charlotte for paying excessive salaries. The committee decided to take the fining power from umpires and hereafter the umpire can put refractory players out of the game. The present series ends June 29th and a new series begins June 30th. The constitution was amended by providing that any team, which forfeits a game by leaving the field, be fined $50. All teams except Greensboro were represented in the meeting.

### PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. R. R. Stone and family are visiting their old home in Brunswick.

— Miss Sallie Watson, of Washington, N. C., is the guest of Miss Kate LeGwin, No. 421 South Fifth street.

— Miss Bessie Gibson returned last evening from Greenville, N. C., where she has been visiting Mrs. John Addison Ricks for the past month.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: 12th: "Mr. D. McEachern, of Wilmington, chairman of the Board of County Commissioners of New Hanover county, is in the city."

— Fayetteville *Observer*, 12th: "Dr. and Mrs. R. S. McGeachy and little son, Weissner, arrived here today from Wilmington, and will spend several days with Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Brown before returning to Raleigh."

— Fayetteville *Observer*, 12th: "Mrs. Fry, Mrs. R. D. Wescott (nee Stella Thompson) and daughter, Miss Lillian Wescott, arrived from Wilmington on a visit to Mrs. Wescott's father, Mr. G. A. Thompson, on Maiden Lane."

### MR. J. H. SLOAN TO LEAVE US.

**Will Become President of the New Bank at Spartanburg, S. C.**

A special to yesterday's Columbia *State* says:

"SPARTANBURG, June 11.—Spartanburg is to have a new national bank, with a capital stock of $100,000, in which some of the most practical and successful business men in this portion of the South will be materially interested. Mr. J. H. Sloan will be the president of the new bank. The location has not yet been decided upon, nor are the other officers selected. Mr. Sloan will live in Spartanburg permanently, having fitted up a residence on East Main street. He has given up the export cotton business in which he has heretofore been largely engaged, and his future transactions in that line will be for the mill trade. This will be his headquarters, with branch offices at Charlotte, Greenville and Augusta.

"Neither the names of the other officers nor the site of the building have been determined upon. The other capitalists interested are: J. W. Norwood, president of the National Bank of Wilmington; D. A. Tompkins, of Charlotte; J. E. Reynolds, president of the Mercantile Trust Company, of New York, together with capitalists from Eastern cities. The capital stock of the new bank will be $100,000."

### MAJOR E. J. HALE.

FAYETTEVILLE, N.C., June 12, 1902.
EDITOR STAR:—The following resolution was unanimously adopted at the great mass meeting held in this city on Monday night, called by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen to celebrate the passage of the bill for improvement of the Upper Cape Fear:

WHEREAS, Maj. E. J. Hale, chairman of the committee appointed by the Fayetteville Chamber of Commerce to promote and secure the adoption of our river improvement scheme, has generously given time and means and talent to this great work; and

WHEREAS, Chiefly through his able, and ingenious and indefatigable efforts we believe the project has reached its present triumphant status:

*Resolved*, That we congratulate him on the rich fruit that his labor has borne and thank him heartily and profoundly for this great service to his native town and State.

In view of the facts recited above, of his qualifications, and of the circumstance that Hon. H. L. Cook has withdrawn from the Congressional race in this District, Cumberland will present a united front in advocating Major Hale's nomination by the Democratic Congressional convention which meets in this city on August 20th.

North Carolina has not now a single Confederate veteran in either House of Congress. That cannot be said of any other Southern State. We could not better re-assert our loyalty to Southern ideals than by beginning with the election of Maj. Hale.

Maj. Hale's demonstration of the commercial feasibility of the Cape Fear Improvement scheme and of the cause of North Carolina's commercial inferiority to her neighbors and the remedy therefor, has been literally a work of genius. His long and successful fight for this scheme against apparently insurmountable opposition has exhibited executive capacity of the highest order. For these reasons the people of this section regard his election to Congress as indispensable to the completion of the work so well begun.

N. A. SINCLAIR. †

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**James Charles Craft,**

Instructor of Piano and Harmony. Studio 119 North Sixth street. je 12 2t

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**How About That Tackle?**

The blue birds are with us again. The streams and ponds are warming up. The fishermen should be looking up their outfits. Seeing if anything is wanted before the last minute.

As of old we are showing the finest things to tempt the fish kingdom and make the sport more sporty for the anglers.

Lines may be wanted; poles must be needed; hooks are very necessary, and in fact we have everything that is required to make a complete outfit.

To those that are interested in the sport, to those others that may not be so enthusiastic, we would consider it a favor to have all come in and look.

**J. W. Murchison & Co.,**
Dealers in Hardware, &c., Orton Building.
ap 30 tf

**Soft Honey Peaches AND BEST IceCream**

**E. WARREN & SON.**
je 7 tf

**Extra Fancy Pineapples and Bananas**

JUST RECEIVED.

**Ice Cream!**

**J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.**
je 4 tf

**I Offer to the Trade**

Penny Candies, all styles; Broken Stick Candy, Smoked Herring, Cakes and Crackers, Sardines, Potted Ham, Rice, all grades of Molasses, and complete line of Groceries. Prices and samples furnished on application. Merchants visiting the city will do well to inspect my stock.

**SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,**
Wilmington, N. C.,
apr 27 tf 18 Market street.

**If You Need FieldPeas FOR SEED**

We can supply you.

**HALL & PEARSALL,**
Incorporated.
je 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

**Wrightsville Sound. For Rent.**

My beautiful Summer Home, "ARCADIA," on Wrightsville Sound. Elegantly and completely furnished throughout. Will rent same to responsible party for the Summer, furnished as stated, with exception of linen. House has nine large rooms, exclusive of servants' quarters, etc. The deepest and broadest channel in front on Wrightsville Sound.

**DuBRUTZ CUTLAR.**
je 12 2t Apply to W. M. Cumming.

**A REAL BARBER SHOP.**

Such is "The Climax." Our men are all graduates with the degree of A. B., which means Artistic Barbers. Our Piccaninny Polishers can give your shoes a shine that wi ut a plate-glass mirror to shame. Everything up-to-date.

GUION & DAVIS,
ap tf 7 South Front St

**SUMMER SCHOOL**

For Teachers. University of North Carolina, Ninth Session, June 16, July 5. Twenty Instructors. Three thousand five hundred Teachers have attended in the past. Expenses low. Address F. P. VENABLE, President,
my 1 2w Chapel Hill, N. C.

**BEACHERS.**

**Call and see my Couch Bed.**

Couch in the day, a double on two single Beds at night. Simple in its construction, manifold in its uses. The best thing for Summer cottage I ever saw.
See my Refrigerator ad in "Messenger."

**N. F. PARKER,**
FURNITURE AND FURNITURE NOVELTIES.
Bell 'Phone 613 111 Market street.
my 30 tf Inter-State 421,

**You Are Cordially Invited**

To come down and have your Shoes fitted in our handsome fitting Booth. So you can't blame us if your feet are not made comfortable. We solicit your troubles in this respect, and guarantee to make you happy if your feet are aching. We are yours for Foot comfort.

**GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.**

P. S.—Our Oxfords and Slipper bargains will surprise you. Stop and get a pair. Prices from 10c up. my 25 tf

**DID YOU EVER STOP TO THINK?**

**The People's Savings Bank,**
Opposite the Postoffice,

is one of the strongest exclusive savings banks in the Southern States.
We pay 4 per cent. interest, compounded quarterly.
OUR MOTTO is to be conservative and liberal to all.
Deposit a part of your savings with us and watch the result.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
je 8 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

**CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT STEAMBOAT LINE.**

| | Leave Wilmington for Carolina Beach | Leave Wilmington for Southport | Leave Carolina Beach for Wilmington. | Leave Southport for Wilmington. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MONDAY | A. M. 9.00, P. M. 2.45, 5.15 | A. M 9.00 | P. M 1.00, P. M. 3.30, 6.00 | 12.00 M. 2.30 P. M. |
| TUESDAY | A. M. 9.00, P. M. 2.45, 5.15 | A. M. 9.00 | P. M. 1.00, P. M. 3.30, 6.00 | 12.00 M. 2.30 P. M. |
| WEDNESDAY | A. M. 9.00, P. M. 2.45, 5.15 | A. M. 9.00 | P. M. 1.00, P. M. 3.30, 6.00 | 12.00 M. 2.30 P. M. |
| THURSDAY | A. M. 9.00, P. M. 2.45, 5.15 | A. M. 9.00 | P. M. 1.00, P. M. 3.30, 6.00 | 12.00 M. 2.30 P. M. |
| FRIDAY | A. M. 9.00, P. M. 2.45, 5.15 | A. M. 9.00 | P. M. 1.00, P. M. 3.30, 6.00 | 12.00 M. 2.30 P. M. |
| SATURDAY | P. M. 2.00, P. M. 5.15 | A. M. 5.00 P. M. 2.00 | A. M. 8.45 P. M. 6.00 | A. M. 8.00 P. M. 5.00 |
| SUNDAY | A. M. 9.30, P. M. 2.30 7.45 | A. M. 9.30 P. M. 2.30 | P. M. 1.00, 6.00 8.45 | M. 12.00, P. M. 5.00 |

Fare on 5.15 and 7.45 Boats 15 cents to Pier and return.

J. W. HARPER.
je 1 tf

**Does the Work!**

ROCKY POINT, N. C.,
May 10, 1902.

GENTLEMEN:—The "Bug Death" FIXES the bugs up in good style when properly applied. I have used it dry and in water with good results.
Truly,
(Signed) E. PORTER.

We are receiving testimonials from all quarters as to the merits of

**"Bug Death,"**

but the surest proof is the purchase that always follows a trial.

Agents,
**THE WORTH CO.,**
my 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

**REMEMBER!**

Now is the time you need a

**HAMMOCK**

I have a beautiful line. Call and see it before you move to the seashore.

**ROBERT C. DeROSSET,**
je 8 tf 107 Market St.

**Partition Sale.**

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY,
Superior Court,
Before Clerk.

Arietta Hart, et al.,
vs.
Henry A. Burr, et al.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, in the above entitled action, the undersigned commissioner will expose for sale at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door of New Hanover county on the 30th day of June, 1902, at 12 o'clock M., the following parcels or lots of land lying and being in the city of Wilmington:

Beginning at a point in the western line of Second street 66 feet northwardly from the northwestern intersection of Second and Dock streets, and runs thence northwardly along the western line of Second street 132 feet; thence westwardly and parallel with the northern line of Dock street 165 feet; thence southwardly and parallel with the western line of Second street 132 feet; thence eastwardly and parallel with the northern line of Dock street 165 feet, to the western line of Second street, the beginning point; the same being the eastern half of lots 3 and 4 in Block No. 152, according to official plan of the city aforesaid. This property will be offered as a whole or divided.

S. M. EMPIE, Commissioner.
ma 30 je 3 7 10 17 21 29 7t

**Fresh Jelly.**

116 Pails Selected Jelly.
71 Cases Tumbler Jelly.
98 Kegs Paris Green.
123 Packages Tobacco Twine.
211 Boxes Octagon Soap.
197 Barrels Mullets.
27 Boxes Butt Meat.

**W. B. COOPER,**
Wholesale Grocer,
my 11 tf Wilmington, N. C.

**Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company.**

**General Meeting of Stockholders.**

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company will be held at the Company's office in the City of Richmond, Virginia, at 11 o'clock A. M., on Monday, the sixteenth day of June, 1902, for the purpose of considering, authorizing and voting on the proposition to issue bonds of the Company to an amount not to exceed twenty thousand dollars per mile of railway actually owned and not to exceed in the aggregate eighty millions of dollars ($80,000,000.) payable in gold coin not more than fifty years from their date, and bearing interest at a rate not exceeding four per cent. per annum, which bonds will include the amount necessary to retire all bonds now outstanding and secured by underlying mortgages and also the amount necessary for the acquirement of additional properties, and will, when all the bonds are ultimately issued, increase the present bonded indebtedness of the consolidated Company about thirty-three million dollars; and for the purpose of considering, authorizing and providing for the execution and issue of a mortgage or deed of trust to secure said bonds, embracing all of the railways, property and franchises of the Company, and for the purpose of considering and acting upon such other matters as may be legally presented at the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors: Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company

By JAMES F. POST,
Secretary.

Dated May 13, 1902.
my 15 till je 16

**"MATCHET IT"**

If you can—Not made by a trust. The only Cheroote made with the finest Sumatra wrapper.

**5 for 10 cents.**

We beg to say we have added to our line the celebrated brand

**"GEORGE W. CHILDS" CIGAR.**

This cigar needs no introduction to the public. Careful smokers will rejoice that the goods can now be obtained at all cigar places.

**VOLLERS & HASHAGEN.**
je 8 tf SOLE AGENT.

**Our Methods**

Are calculated to ensure prompt and efficient service in every department of banking. Perhaps you would like to give us a trial?

**ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,**
Wilmington, N. C.

Capital - - - $125,000
Surplus - - - 135,000

Organized 1892.
je 8 tf

**OUR SODA FOUNTAIN**

Is fizzing and sizzing and bubbling with the most delicious Ice Cold Drinks. Only the best quality of material used and folks tell us that we do know how to make delicious Soda Drinks.

**Ping Pong Cream and Cream Punch.**

New and original, are delicious.

**HARDIN'S**
Palace Pharmacy,
my 1 tf

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 13

## MERGING ON LAND AND SEA.

John Pierpont Morgan has achieved a reputation as a combiner never before attempted and consequently never before attained by any man in this or in any other country. We have had business combinations on what were considered colossal proportions before he took a hand in the business by merging and consolidating these combinations into still larger ones, reaching proportions that surpassed the anticipations and dreams of the boldest of combiners that had figured in that field before he entered it. Of course it goes without saying that he must have an extraordinary talent for that kind of work and extraordinary perseverance and indomitable will to succeed as he has in the face of the obstacles and the powerful opposition that he sometimes has to contend against. As far as known, he has never failed in carrying out any scheme that he entered upon. To a large extent he has by his methods revolutionized the modes of doing business, and established great triumvirates to rule the industrial domain, and transportation on land and sea.

Ambitious as he is and widesweeping as his schemes are, he will not be permitted to realize his ambition without evoking opposition which will attempt combinations to dispute supremacy with the combinations he has created, so that we may be said to have entered upon a new era, an era of mighty combinations to take the place of individual and of ordinary corporate effort, and that means a fight of capital against capital, in which some of these mighty combinations will come to grief and be wrecked. The trouble is that men of Morgan's mould, with his marvellous powers for organizing and directing, are few and far between, the exception instead of the rule, and as it required extraordinary ability of a special kind to call these combinations into existence, so it would require extraordinary ability of a special kind to keep them alive, without the formative brain and the directing hand that shaped them and put them together, they may fall to pieces as rapidly as they came together. This is what may be expected some time and perhaps within a short time. This world is not so large, but it is too large, and the conflicting interests between men so great that no small number of men will be long permitted to dominate it in their own interest.

But the study of Morgan's achievements is an interesting one, whatever the result may ultimately be, for there is not only boldness in them, but harmonious method. His combinations are what might be called a chain, every one of them linked to another and all working to the same end—industrial and commercial supremacy.

Beginning with the half dozen or more steel trusts, each acting separately and independently of the others, and in the aggregate representing many millions of dollars, he welded them into one, a colossal combine, representing the enormous capital of $1,100,000,000 (real and watered), the biggest thing of that kind the world has ever seen. That was a success.

But steel makers must have iron and coal, and therefore he reached out, combined the iron mines on Lake Superior, and made sure of a practically unlimited supply of iron for his steel combine.

Iron and steel makers must have coal, and therefore he reached out, combined and got control of leading coal mines, so that his steel combine could depend upon a supply of coal.

Steel, iron and coal must have reliable transportation, and therefore he reached out, combined and got control of the leading railroad lines and kept at this until he could practically control transportation from ocean to ocean.

To complete the chain reliable ocean transportation became a necessity, and with the same energy and perseverance that marked his former achievements he crossed the ocean and began the seemingly difficult task of combining the principal trans-Atlantic lines of steamers and getting control of them, which he has succeeded in doing, thus completing the system which he began when he merged the steel trusts.

But Mr. Morgan and his associates are not going to have undisputed possession of the fields which they have entered, for it is but a question of time when they will have opposition, and formidable opposition, in all of them. There are other men who know how to make steel, and they will form combinations and make it in competition with Morgan's steel company. That will force it to put prices down, and then the profits will not be so large nor the investments in it so captivating. The large profits are now the inducements that hold the plants together. Capitalists who have put their millions into railroads are not going to permit the Morgan combine to control traffic, and there will be opposition and competition in that, which will cut down profits and make investments in their securities less attractive. Men who have invested millions in ocean transportation are not going to let the Morgan merger have undisputed domain over the seas, and there will be opposition and competition in that, competition which will materially reduce the profits anticipated, and make investments in these shipping lines less attractive.

Already it is said that a movement is on foot in Europe to merge some of the great lines, lines that will, if the deal be made, have more tonnage than the Morgan combine, and will be backed by ample capital.

It has been said that Morgan's combinations are the beginning of a battle for the commercial supremacy of the world—American commercial supremacy—but it is not. It is simply a movement to get control of the respective industries involved and to make money for those identified with them. That is all. The flag or national supremacy does no figure in it with him or with them. But as it is alleged to be the beginning of the movement to establish American commercial world supremacy it may lead to a commercial war, in which this country will be confronted by combinations of commercial rivals on the other side. This would make it very interesting for Messrs. Morgan and Company and for this country, too.

## THEY DON'T WANT IT.

Sixto Lopez has an article in the June number of *Gunton's Magazine* in which he forcibly and eloquently discusses the question, "Do the Filipinos Desire American Rule?" He contends that they do not and gives good reasons in support of his contention.

It has been asserted by Governor-General Taft and others that the sentiment of the Filipinos is for American rule and that the opposition to it is by an insignificant minority, the leaders of which have schemes that can be best promoted by obstructing American rule.

In answer to this Mr. Lopez says that the expressions in favor of American rule come from time-serving and office-seeking Filipinos who have an eye more to their individual fortunes than to the good of their country or the welfare of their countrymen, and that every one of them expects to be personally rewarded for the assistance he gives in fastening American rule upon his people, which is probably true. The article of Mr. Lopez concludes with the following strong and feeling appeal to the justice and generosity of the American people:

> But why should all this be necessary when the end can be attained by other and more humane means, and without crushing a laudable aspiration for national liberty which America, of all nations, ought, on the contrary, to encourage? A promise of ultimate independence, or even an intimation that such is the policy of the administration, would remove not only all cause for a continuance of armed conflict; but all the sorrow of heart and bitterness of spirit on the part of the weaker contestant. Under such a promise the Filipinos would willingly yield everything that America is now demanding or can in righteousness demand, and there would be additional mutual advantages. The Filipinos would learn of everything that is good in the institutions of America—in its religion, its morality, its wisdom and its law; whilst America would have a wider market for its products, a new field for commercial enterprise, and a basis of trade and military operations in the far east. There would also be the rebirth of a republic in that quarter of the globe, where liberty has been sought by only one small struggling people, and where despotism has been the nightmare of millions of the human race.

There is nothing unreasonable in this, nothing in it that this government could not grant without any surrender of prestige or honor. And there is nothing in it either to which this government is not virtually if not literally pledged by the resolutions adopted at the beginning of the war with Spain and on the ratification of the treaty by which Spain surrendered her sovereignity over the Philippines.

---

A prisoner recently tried for murder in Kansas, but who got off with a sentence of five years in the penitentiary, felt so grateful that he insisted on expressing his gratitude to the jury and the judge. He told the jury that he didn't believe one jury in ten would have been so lenient with him, and complimented the judge on the courteous and able manner in which he did his part of the job.

---

It is said that a syndicate of American and British capitalists has secured from the Government of Bolivia a concession of 80,000 square miles of rubber and other trees, and good also for agriculture. The concession gives them the right to administer the civil law on the grant, which runs for thirty years. Why didn't they go for the whole country while they were about it?

---

Perhaps it was consideration for Cuba's short bank account that made Gomez decline the $6,000 a year pension voted him. He didn't have any scruples against taking $3,000 or $4,000 a year from Gen. Wood.

---

The Beef Trust fellows are getting it all around. When some of the agents in New Orleans refused to testify, on the plea that they would be incriminating themselves, the Federal judge ordered them to tell all they knew.

## PERNICIOUS ACTIVITY.

Mr. Thurber, president of the Export Association, added gaiety to the proceedings when he testified before the Senate committee, Wednesday, that between $8,000 and $9,000 had been paid out of the Cuban treasury by direction of Governor General Wood, to promote reciprocity with Cuba.

General Wood has all along been a most active and zealous advocate of reciprocity, so much so that he has authorized the publication of interviews, and has written letters which have subjected him to criticism by the opponents of reciprocity and to the charge of pernicious activity in one holding office by the appointment of the President of the United States, whom they hold individually responsible for Wood's activity in this matter. They will now assert that whatever justification he may plead for the interest he took in that matter there can be no justification for his taking money from the Cuban treasury to push reciprocity in the United States, and a good many people, even those who favor reciprocity, will agree with them.

There is some question as to what effect this revelation will have on the Senators. Our opinion is that is will strengthen the opposition to reciprocity who will make the most of Wood's "pernicious activity" and his use of public moneys, out of the Cuban treasury, to promote one side of a question under consideration in Congress. If Wood were the only party to this they might not make so much out of it, but they will hold President Roosevelt even more responsible than Wood, on the ground that he must have known and approved of this culpable use of money out of Cuba's treasury.

## CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The Philippine Senators appear to have no little apprehension that the House will make sixes and sevens of their Philippine bill, especially in the provisions relating to the Bill of Rights, the mineral lands and the coinage. In these respects the bill of the Phillippine Committee of the House is more liberal as well as more careful of the interests of the Filipinos than the Senate bill. —*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— Edision said that the balloon portion of Santos-Dumont's flying-machine would cease to render the machine unpracticable as soon as the inventor got the balloon so small that it could not be seen without a microscope. That's precisely the view the beet-sugar men in Congress are disposed to take of the reciprocity feature of the Cuban reciprocity bill. —*Norfolk Landmark, Dem.*

—— The lying pretense that the high price of meat is due to the scarcity of cattle is fully exposed again by the news that an arrangement to restock South Africa with cattle from Texas has been made, 630 head having been shipped last week, and more are to follow until 50,000 head have gone. If cattle were so scarce as to justify two prices for meat, South Africa would have looked for a supply elswhere.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

—— First we paid twenty millions to Spain for the Philippines man and beast, land and water, bag and baggage. Then we paid one hundred thousand more for some unnoticed corners. Now we are to pay the friars some still additional millions for grants, while taking the service on our shoulders for the performance of which such hands were given them. May we not know when this is to stop, or is such inquiry treasonable?—*Jacksonville Times-Union, Dem.*

## TWINKLINGS.

— "Does the weather agree with you?" "Sometimes, but more often not. You see, I'm the official weather prophet."—*Judge*.

— Visitor to Jail—Why are you here? Prisoner (a pickpocket)—I am here as a result of a moment of abstraction.—*St. Louis Globe Democrat.*

— Having had Senator Tillman in "their midst" for so many years, the people are not very much disturbed by the visit of the 17-year locust.—*Baltimore World.*

— Preliminary—Diggs—"I hear young Gabbleton is going in for pugilistic honors." Biggs—"Is he in training?" Diggs—"Yes. He went to work in a box factory last week."—*Chicago Daily News.*

— "I want something striking for a wedding present," said the male shopper. "Yes, sir," remarked the shop-walker. "The clock department is on the fourth floor."—*Tit-Bits*

— "Dis world would go along mighty easy," said Uncle Eben, "if every man was as smart at forty-five as he thought he was at twenty-five."—*Washington Star.*

— She—Mrs. Boreton called today, and I thought she'd never go. He—But you are so amiable, I suppose you never gave her the slightest hint that you wanted her to go. She—Indeed, I did not. If I had she'd be here now.—*Brooklyn Life.*

— Her Reason—"Why do you insist on Mr. Bawler singing?" "It's a choice between two evils," answered Miss Cayenne. "If he doesn't sing he'll talk. And the words of any song are infinitely preferable to his original remarks."—*Washington Star.*

—Extensive Conflagration: "Yes," said the conductor, "I remember it very well. That was in 1897, the year of the big fire." "What big fire?" asked the other man. "Don't you recollect? Twenty-nine fellows on our line were bounced for knocking down."—*Chicago Tribune.*

— He was rolling along in the intermediate stages of intoxication when his attention was attracted by a sign on the door of an office building. It was "Shoes Shined Inside." "That's funny," said he, half aloud, "Ver' funny, Shushined inside. What anybody want shushine inside for?"—New York Mail and Express.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher — The Kind You Have Always Bought

## SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Newbern *Journal*: Marion, the 12-year old son of A. Oettinger, of Kinston, who is well known here, was drowned while bathing in the river at Kinston Wednesday evening about 7 o'clock The boy could not swim and got into a deep hole and sank before he could be rescued. The body was found at 9 o'clock Wednesday evening in a hole fifteen feet deep. The brother and two companions were in bathing with him.

— Chatham *Record*: We regret to hear of the death of Mr. James P. Thomas, who died on last Saturday night. —— Many of our farmers are now busy harvesting their wheat, which crop is unusully light this year. —— Mr. James D. Poe, who lives near Carbonton, has been most sadly afflicted. He has recently lost four children, two of them dying the same day and buried in the same grave. They all died of dysentery, which seems to have been an epidemic in that section and has caused the death of a large number of children.

— Carthage *Blade*: The furniture factory of Carthage began operations about eighteen months ago, and has run on full time since. Under wise management the venture was made by the manufacture of a cheap but substantial grade. Thus the business of making furniture and its best markets were learned at the least expense. The men are now well trained, and very recently a man skilled in one of the best furniture factories of another State has been placed at the head of the force as foreman and the making of cheap grades has been largely abandoned and the best grades are put from this factory upon the markets.

— Rockingham *Anglo-Saxon*: The cotton and seed delinting plant in the textile building at Midway is operating now with entire success. As before mentioned, the machinery, which is a recent invention, takes all the lint off the seed, leaving only the "bald" black kernel. Each machine has a capacity of ten tons per day. The value of this instrument lies mainly in the fact that it prepares the seed for export. The seed cannot be exported in large quantities with the lint on, because of the danger of combustion, and with this machine to take the lint off they can be exported in unlimited quantities at a nice profit, for the reason that no import duty is laid against the seed by foreign countries, while many of them do place quite a heavy duty against the importation of the products of our cotton seed oil mills.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: Refreshing showers visited this section Saturday and Sunday evenings which made our farmers jubilant. —— Joe Blackman, better known as the Democratic negro" is no more. He died at his home in "Little Washington" Friday morning. He was a great fisherman and spent most of his time in that business on the Neuse river. He voted the Democratic ticket for years and was one of the few negroes who could do that and associate with his race. —— Frank Winn, living on the outskirts of Mount Olive, was brought to this city Saturday noon by Sheriff Scott and lodged in jail on the charge of murder. On Friday evening about 7:30 o'clock, as Charles Winn, aged 22, was passing Frank Winn's house after having escorted two girls, daughters of Tom Teachy, Frank called his cousin to account for some slanderous remarks he made about him. The witnesses before the coroner's jury testified the next morning that Charles was seen to fall and expired soon after. Evidently he was struck with some blunt instrument three times on the head as his skull was fractured in three different places. There seems to have been a woman and whiskey at the bottom of the trouble. The murderer is 53 years of age and has a wife and eight children. Charles was single, the son of James Winn, and was a favorite in his neighborhood.

### Without Foundation.

Towne—I hear Jenkins had a fight with another fellow yesterday.

Brawne—Impossible! I was with him for an hour today, and I didn't notice a mark on him.

Towne—But the story goes that he simply wiped the ground up with the other fellow.

Browne—Still more impossible. Didn't I tell you I was with him for an hour and never heard a word about it?—Philadelphia Press.

### Not a Waste of Time.

"Eddication is a good thing, Limpy, an' don't you run it down."

"Ever git any of it, Weary?"

"Me? Well, I should say yes. I went to night school all one winter."

"An' what did you git to show for it, Weary?"

"What did I git? I got four overcoats, three hats an' seven umbrellas. Don't you tell me that goin' to school is a waste of time."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

### John's Opinion.

Mrs. Howes—For mercy sake, John, what have you been doing in the back yard all the evening?

Mr. Howes—You see, dear, it was so much more interesting to hear what the servants said about you and your mother than to listen to what you and your mother had to say about the servants that I stayed a good deal longer than I meant to. —Boston Transcript.

### Awful Effects.

"How does your daughter like the microscope she bought of us the other day?"

"That's what I came to talk to you about. Say, what will you allow me for it if I bring it back? She took a look through it at a drop of water, and she's had four horrible nightmares since."—Chicago Tribune.

### Mistake In the Account.

"The prisoner offered this court a bribe of fifty cents to turn him loose," said the indignant crossroads justice.

"No, your honor," replied the lawyer, "it was two dollars."

"Now, that's something like it, and I stand corrected," replied the justice. "Let him go."—Atlanta Constitution.

Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Charles Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood; but, when all other medicines failed, three $1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained fifty-eight pounds." It is absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung troubles. Price 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

For over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher — The Kind You Have Always Bought

## DRAINAGE OF ROADS

### SOME POINTS BY PROFESSOR IRA O. BAKER.

**The Success of Tile Drainage on Farm Lands and Highways—Some Recent Experiments In Illinois. How the Work Should Be Done.**

All roads except those on pure sand can be materially improved by tile drainage, says Professor Ira O. Baker of the Illinois agricultural experiment station in Good Roads Magazine. This is the opinion of many farmers in several communities with whom the writer has conversed on this subject. In each community this is universally the opinion of the farmers who have had the best success in draining their own farms. The cost of tile drainage is not great—say about 50 cents per rod, or $160 per mile—and the improvement is permanent, with no expense for maintenance, and the benefit is immediate and certain.

Further, tile drainage is the very best preparation for a gravel or a stone road. Gravel or broken stone placed upon an undrained foundation is almost sure to sink gradually, whatever its thickness, whereas a thinner layer upon an underdrained roadbed will give much better service. "Roads tiled without gravel are better than roads graveled without tile."

The road should be underdrained so as to keep the water level well below the road surface. In most localities this can be accomplished reasonably well by laying a line of farm tile three or three and a half feet below the road surface along one side of the roadway. It is sometimes claimed that there should be a tile on each side of the road.

Some tests recently made by the Illinois experimental station, not yet published, seem to indicate that one line will give fairly good drainage under the most adverse conditions. The experiment consisted in the drainage of a piece of land selected as the worst that could be found in a part of the state notorious as having a large area of hardpan which it was generally considered could not be underdrained "because the soil held water like a jug." Lines of tiles were placed two and a half feet deep and fifty feet apart. The water level at a point midway between the lines of tiles was lowered eighteen inches, when at the same time the water level in the undrained portion of the field was only six inches below the surface. In this case the surface of the ground water had a slope of one foot in twenty-five feet, but in a more porous soil the slope would be much less. Therefore a single line of tile three or three and a half feet deep, if of adequate size, will give nearly perfect drainage, and a second line will not materially improve it.

Some writers on good roads advocate the use of a line of tile under the middle of the traveled portion, and some advocate a line on each side of the wheelway. The object sought by these tiles is rapid drainage, and therefore it is urged that they should be laid near the surface. It is doubtful whether any water will reach the tile, since the road surface when wet is puddled by the traffic, which prevents the water percolating through the soil, and it is certain that in clay or loam the drainage thus obtained is of no practical value. More than one farmer has tried to drain his barnyard by laying tile near the surface, always without appreciable effect.

While a line of tile on one side of the road is usually sufficient, there is often a great difference as to the side on which it should be laid. If one side of the road is higher than the other, the tile should be on the high side to intercept the ground water that is flowing down the slope under the surface.

The tile should be laid in the bottom of the side ditch below the frost line. Of course the tile should have a uniform grade and a sufficient fall and an adequate outlet. The size of the tile required will depend upon the length of the line and the grade of the ditch, but local experience in farm drainage is likely to be a better guide than any general statement that can be made. Farm drainage is almost certain to precede road drainage in any particular locality.

The side ditches are to receive the water from the surface of the traveled way and should carry it rapidly and entirely away from the roadside. They are useful also to intercept and carry off the water that would otherwise flow from the side hills upon the road. Ordinarily they need not be deep and, if possible, should have a broad, flaring side toward the traveled way to prevent accident if a vehicle should be crowded to the extreme side of the roadway. The outside bank should be flat enough to prevent caving. The proper form of ditch is easily made by the usual road machine or road grader. The side ditch should have a free outlet into some stream, so as to carry the water entirely away from the road. No good road can be obtained with side ditches that hold the water until it evaporates.

Much alleged roadwork is a positive damage for this reason. Piling up the earth in the middle of the road is perhaps in itself well enough, but leaving undrained holes at the side of the road probably more than counterbalances the benefits of the embankment. A road between long artificial ponds is always inferior and is often impassable. It is cheaper and better to make a lower embankment and to drain thoroughly the holes at the side of the roads. Often the public funds can be more wisely used in making ditches in adjoining private lands than in making ponds at the roadside in an attempt to improve the road by raising the surface.

### Logical Reasoning.

"Don't you see, Willie," explained his mother, "if you eat any more jam it will make you sick?"

"It'll make me sick?" repeated the boy inquiringly.

"That's what I said."

"Not you?"

"No, not me, but you."

"Well, then, if I'm willing to risk it I don't see why you should make a fuss about it."—Chicago Post.

### Helpless.

Ascum—So you're engaged to be married to Miss Strong, eh? How did it happen? You told me you always got so bashful when you were alone with a girl that you couldn't speak.

Timmid—That's just it. When I didn't answer her question, she said, "Silence gives consent," and that settled it.—Philadelphia Press.

### Fixing the Limit.

He (rather diffident)—Er—now that we are engaged, I suppose you—er—won't object to my kissing you?

She (much less so)—Certainly not. Help yourself. And when mamma comes in I want you to kiss her also.

He—S-say, let's b-break the engagement.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

### Too Credulous.

She—You tell me I am the sweetest, prettiest girl you ever saw. Now, tell me true. How many other girls have you told the same thing?

He—Oh, well; I suppose I have told it to quite a lot; but, then, you know, you are the first one who ever believed me.—Boston Transcript.

FREE!

A BOTTLE OF

STUART'S GIN AND BUCHU

Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Rheumatism, Etc.—Deep-seated Cases a Specialty.

Send no money; simply write and try Stuart's Gin and Buchu at our expense. A personal trial is better than a thousand printed testimonials. Death soon follows from diseased kidneys unless a cure is made by taking the old, reliable Stuart's Gin and Buchu. The following symptoms indicate the approach of Bright's disease or diabetes and kidney trouble: Puffy or dark circles under the eye; sallow, yellow complexion; dull, heavy headaches; dizzy, tired feeling; faint spells; pain or dull ache in the back; urine cloudy, milk-like or stringy, dark in color or offensive; painful, scalding sensation in passing urine; obliged to go often during the day or night. There is a cure in Stuart's Gin and Buchu. It is the one remedy you can rely on. It will correct all these symptoms and permanently cure even Bright's disease after all other treatments fail. Stuart's Gin and Buchu will neutralize the urine and cause it to flow in a perfectly natural manner, thus carrying out of the kidneys all the impurities which are the direct cause of much ill health. A high grade kidney cure. The most perfect made. Stuart's Gin and Buchu thoroughly tested for past 20 years. It gives life, power, and vigor to the kidneys, thus making the blood red and nourishing. It will cure the worst form of rheumatism. Try this grand old remedy. Druggists or by express, prepaid, $1. It cures where all else fails. To prove it cures we have set aside 15,000 bottles to give away to sufferers. A sample bottle of Stuart's Gin and Buchu sent free by writing Stuart's Drug Co., Atlanta, Ga. Don't hesitate to write for a bottle, as there are no conditions. A request on a postal card will do. So write now while you think of it.

For sale by

J. C. SHEPARD.

je 3 6 mo su we fr

### How's That?

"I'm sorry to see you've been fighting, Johnnie. You've got a black eye!"

"Aw, yer don't say so. Take yer sorror home to yer own kid! He's got two!"

### Too Literal.

Teacher—Now, Willie, what is the meaning of the line you have just read, "The shades of night were falling fast?"

Willie—The people were pulling down the curtains.—Boston Herald.

### A Natural Inference.

"Her first name is Lily."

"Good gracious! Is she as fat as all that?"—Harper's Bazar.

## WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| BAGGING— | | | |
| 2 ℔ Jute | 6¾ | @ | 7 |
| Standard | | @ | 7¾ |
| Burlaps | 6 | @ | 6¾ |
| WESTERN SMOKED— | | | |
| Hams ℘ ℔ | 12½ | @ | 14 |
| Sides ℘ ℔ | 10 | @ | 10½ |
| Shoulders ℘ ℔ | 9 | @ | 9½ |
| DRY SALTED— | | | |
| Sides ℘ ℔ | 9 60 | @ | 9 75 |
| Shoulders ℘ ℔ | 9 | @ | 9¼ |
| BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine— | | | |
| Second-hand, each | 1 35 | @ | 1 35 |
| Second-hand machine | 1 35 | @ | 1 35 |
| New New York, each | | @ | 1 35 |
| New City, each | | @ | 1 35 |
| BRICKS— | | | |
| Wilmington ℘ M | 6 50 | @ | 7 00 |
| Northern | 9 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| BUTTER— | | | |
| North Carolina ℘ ℔ | 25 | @ | 32½ |
| Northern | 22 | @ | 28 |
| CORN MEAL— | | | |
| Per bushel, in sacks | 75 | @ | 77½ |
| Virginia Meal | | @ | 77½ |
| COTTON TIES—℘ bundle | | @ | 1 12½ |
| CANDLES—℘ ℔— | | | |
| Sperm | 18 | @ | 25 |
| Adamantine | 8 | @ | 11 |
| COFFEE—℘ ℔— | | | |
| Laguyra | 11 | @ | 12½ |
| Rio | 7 | @ | 10 |
| DOMESTICS— | | | |
| Sheeting, 4-4, ℘ yard | | @ | 5¼ |
| Yarns, ℘ bunch of 5 ℔s | | @ | 0 |
| FISH— | | | |
| Mackerel, No. 1, ℘ barrel | 22 00 | @ | 30 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 1, ℘ half-bbl. | 11 00 | @ | 15 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 2, ℘ barrel | 16 00 | @ | 18 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 2 ℘ half-bbl. | 8 00 | @ | 9 00 |
| Mackerel, No. 3, ℘ barrel | 13 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| Mullets, ℘ barrel | 3 75 | @ | 4 25 |
| Mullets, ℘ pork barrel | 7 50 | @ | 8 00 |
| N. C. Roe Herring, ℘ keg | 3 00 | @ | 3 25 |
| Dry Cod, ℘ ℔ | 6 | @ | 10 |
| " Extra | 4 00 | @ | 5 00 |
| FLOUR—℘ ℔— | | | |
| Low grade | 3 50 | @ | 3 75 |
| Choice | 3 75 | @ | 4 00 |
| Straight | 4 25 | @ | 4 50 |
| First Patent | | @ | 5 00 |
| GLUE—℘ ℔ | 8 | @ | 10 |
| GRAIN—℘ bushel— | | | |
| Corn, from store, bgs—White | 82½ | @ | 85 |
| Mixed Corn | | @ | 82½ |
| Oats, from store (mixed) | 57½ | @ | 60 |
| Oats, Rust Proof | 70 | @ | 75 |
| Cow Peas | 1 10 | @ | 1 15 |
| HIDES—℘ ℔— | | | |
| Green salted | 4 | @ | 5 |
| Dry flint | 10 | @ | 11 |
| Dry salt | 9 | @ | 10 |
| HAY ℘ 100 ℔s | | | |
| No 1 Timothy | 95 | @ | 1 00 |
| Rice Straw | 50 | @ | 60 |
| N. C. Crop | 75 | @ | 80 |
| HOOP IRON, ℘ ℔ | 2¾ | @ | 3 |
| CHEESE—℘ ℔— | | | |
| Northern Factory | 12½ | @ | 14 |
| Dairy Cream | 12 | @ | 13½ |
| Half cream | 10 | @ | 12½ |
| LARD, ℘ ℔— | | | |
| Northern | 8½ | @ | 12½ |
| North Carolina | 10 | @ | 12½ |
| LIME, ℘ barrel | 1 10 | @ | 1 25 |
| PORK, ℘ barrel— | | | |
| City Mess | | @ | 18 50 |
| Rump | | @ | 18 50 |
| Prime | | @ | 17 50 |
| ROPE, ℘ ℔ | 11 | @ | 22 |
| SALT, ℘ sack, Alum | | @ | 1 25 |
| Liverpool | | @ | 90 |
| American | | @ | 90 |
| On 001 bags | 45 | @ | 48 |
| SUGAR, ℘ ℔—Standard Gran'd | | @ | 5 00 |
| Standard A | | @ | 4¾ |
| White Extra C | 4½ | @ | 4½ |
| Extra C, Golden | | @ | 4¼ |
| C Yellow | | @ | 4 |
| LUMBER (city sawed) ℘ M ft— | | | |
| Ship Stuff, resawed | 18 00 | @ | 20 00 |
| Rough edge Plank | 15 00 | @ | 16 00 |
| West India cargoes, according to quality | 13 00 | @ | 18 00 |
| Dressed Flooring, seasoned | 18 00 | @ | 22 00 |
| Scantling and Board, com'n | 14 00 | @ | 15 00 |
| MOLASSES, ℘ gallon— | | | |
| Barbadoes, in hogshead | | @ | 22 |
| Barbadoes, in barrels | | @ | 23 |
| Porto Rico, in hogsheads | 29 | @ | 31 |
| Porto Rico, in barrels | 29 | @ | 33 |
| Sugar House, in hogsheads | 12 | @ | 14 |
| Sugar House, in barrels | 14 | @ | 15 |
| Syrup, in barrels | 17 | @ | 27 |
| NAILS, ℘ keg, Cut, 60d basis | 2 40 | @ | 2 50 |
| SOAP, ℘ ℔—Northern | 3¾ | @ | 4 |
| STAVES, ℘ M—W. O. barrel | 6 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| R. O. Hogshead | | @ | 10 00 |
| TIMBER, ℘ M feet—Shipping | 8 00 | @ | 9 00 |
| Common mill | 4 00 | @ | 5 00 |
| Fair mill | 5 00 | @ | 6 50 |
| Prime mill | 6 50 | @ | 7 50 |
| Extra mill | 8 00 | @ | 8 50 |
| SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed | | | |
| ℘ M 6x24 heart | 6 25 | @ | 7 00 |
| " Sap | 5 50 | @ | 6 00 |
| 5x20, Heart | 3 50 | @ | 4 00 |
| " Sap | 2 50 | @ | 3 00 |
| WHISKEY, ℘ gallon, Northern | 1 [illegible] | @ | 2 10 |

Working 24 Hours a Day.

There's no rest for those tireless little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always busy, curing Torpid Liver, Jaundice, Biliousness, Fever and Ague. They banish Sick Headache and drive out Malaria. Never gripe or weaken. Small, taste nice and work wonders. Try them. Price 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

DUCRO'S Alimentary ELIXIR

Is highly recommended as a remedy for lung diseases and as a preventive for typhoid, malarial and all kinds of fevers

Agents, E. Fougera & Co., New York

## COMMERCIAL.

### WILMINGTON MARKET.

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, June 12.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market quiet at 47c per gallon.

ROSIN—Market dull at $1.10 per barrel for strained and $1.15 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.45 per barrel of 280 pounds.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $1.40 per barrel for hard, $2.50 for dip, and $2.60 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady at 32@31½c; rosin firm at $1.00@1.05; tar firm at $1 30; crude turpentine steady at $1.10 @2.10.

RECEIPTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spirits turpentine | 117 |
| Rosin | 327 |
| Tar | 63 |
| Crude turpentine | 81 |

Receipts same day last year—110 casks spirits turpentine, 148 barrels rosin, 95 barrels tar, 162 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 9½c per pound for middling. Quotations:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ordinary | 6 7-16 | cts ℘ ℔ |
| Good ordinary | 8¼ | " " |
| Low middling | 8 7-16 | " " |
| Middling | 9¼ | " " |
| Good middling | 9 3-16 | " " |

Same day last year, market firm at 7¾c for middling.

Receipts—38 bales; same day last year, 35.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 65c; extra prime, 70c; fancy, 75c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c. Spanish, 75@80c.

CORN—Firm; 80@82½c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 13@14c per pound; shoulders, 10@12½c; sides, 10@11c.

EGGS—Firm at 15@16c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 27@35c; springs, 20@25c.

TURKEYS—No sale.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 70@75c per bushel.

## FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 12.—Money on call was steady at 2¼@3 per cent., closing, bid and asked, 2@3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@4¾ per cent. Sterling exchange was firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487½ for demand and at 484⅝@485 for sixty days. Posted rates were 485@486 and 488@488½. Commercial bills 484¼@485¾. Bar silver 52¼. Mexican dollars 42. Government bonds irregular. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. refunding 2's, registered, 107¾; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 108¼; U. S. 3's, registered, 107¼; do. coupon, 107¼. U. S. 4's, new registered, 135¼; do., coupon 135½; S. U. 4's, old, registered, 109⅝; do. coupon, 110½; U. S. 5's registered, 105; do. coupon, 105; Southern Railway, 5's, 123¼. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 105⅞; Chesapeake & Ohio 46½; Manhattan L 132; New York Central 155½; Reading 63⅞; do. 1st preferred 83¼; do. 2nd preferred 68½; St. Paul 170¾; do. pref'd, 189¾; Southern Railway 36⅝; do. pref'd 94½; Amalgamated Copper 68⅞; Am'n Tobacco —; People's Gas 102; Sugar 127¾; Tennessee Coal and Iron 63¼; U. S. Leather 13¼; do. pref'd, 85⅜; Western Union 91¼; U. S. Steel 38⅝; do. preferred 88⅜; National R. R. of Mexico 18½; Virginia-Carolina Chemical 70; do. preferred, 131½; Standard Oil 624 @637.

## NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 12.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine dull at 49¼@49¾c.

CHARLESTON, June 12.—Spirits turpentine firm at 46c. Rosin unchanged.

SAVANNAH, June 12.—Spirits turpentine firm at 47½c; receipts 1,228 casks; sales 896 casks; exports 2,978 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 2,219 barrels; sales 3,136 barrels; exports 3,416 barrels. Quote: A, B, C, D, $1 25; E, $1 25; F, $1 35; G, $1 40; H, $1 65; I, $2 00; K $2 50; M, $2 95; N, $3 30; W G, $3 45; W W, $3 65.

## COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 12.—The cotton market opened firm with prices five to seven points higher, a normal response to bullish cables from the English market and to dry weather reports from the entire belt. The shorts were the chief buyers at the higher prices, though Europe figured as a light purchaser of the fall and winter months. But as public support failed to awaken and as bull traders were in no mood to take the aggressive, the whole list sifted slowly backward after the call until before midday last night's final bids were once more in force. Forecasts for showers were extensive areas of the eastern belt and for portions of the western belt inspired selling for a reaction by the bear leaders. The fact that New Orleans dropped from 9.36 on the opening to 9.23 by midday for July, led to claims that crop conditions as a whole in the South were favorable and spot demand was less active. The report that the India monsoon had broken and would greatly benefit the crops of that country helped to depress the late forenoon market. Later in the day the local market slowly rallied on light covering of a profit-taking nature. The market was finally quiet and net unchanged to two points higher. Total sales were conservatively estimated at 75,000 bales. Louisiana advices complained of insect damage on a small scale. Otherwise crop news was generally bearish.

NEW YORK, June 12.—Cotton quiet at 9 7-16c; net receipts — bales; gross receipts 225 bales; stock 167,121 bales.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 9 7-16c; middling gulf 9 11-16; sales 223 bales.

Cotton futures closed quiet: June 8.95, July 8.73, August 8.49, September 8.13, October 7.99, November 7.94, December 7.94, January 7.97, February 7.94, March 7.93.

Total to-day—Net receipts 2,458 bales; exports to the Continent 830 bales; stock 390,530 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 20,671 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,230 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 17,680 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 7,481,082 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,957,051 bales; exports to France 707,006 bales; exports to the Continent 2,579,887 bales.

June 12.—Galveston, steady at 9¼c, net receipts 31 bales; Norfolk, steady at 9¼c, net receipts 932 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 9⅝c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet and steady at 9 7-16c, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, firm at 9½c, net receipts 38 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 9 11-16c, net receipts — bales; Savannah, steady at 9½c, net receipts 443 bales; New Orleans, steady at 9 5-16c, net receipts 1,601 bales; Mobile, nominal at 9c, net receipts — bales; Memphis, quiet at 9c, net receipts 15 bales; Augusta, steady at 9 3-16@9¼c, net receipts — bales; Charleston, quiet and nominal, net receipts 40 bales.

## PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, June 12.—Flour was rather firm and more active on choice grades. Rye flour quiet; fair to good $3 25@3 45. Wheat—Spot steady; No 2 red 78@78½c. Options—Most of the day wheat was in strong but quiet positions. Light offerings, coupled with another scare of July shorts at Minneapolis and strong French markets furnished the chief buying motives. In the last hour there was a moderate setback under realizing and the market closed easy at ⅛@¼c net advance. Sales included: July closed 78¼c; September 76c; December 77¾c. Corn—Spot easy; No. 2 69½c. Options firm; corn gradually eased off under realizing sales and prospective larger receipts at Chicago, closing partly net 1½c lower: July closed 67⅝c; September closed 63½c; December closed 50½c. Oats—Spot firm; No. 2 46½c. Options market had a strong early advance on July after which it reacted with corn. Tallow steady. Lard steady; Western steam $10 70; refined steady; continent $10 95; South American $11 50; compound 8¼@8½c Pork firm; family $19 50@20 00; short clear $18 75@21 25; mess $18 50@19 25. Butter was steady; creamery 19@21c; State dairy 19@21c. Eggs were firmer; State and Pennsylvania 17½@18c; Southern 14@14½c. Potatoes firm; State and Western, per sack, $2 00@2 55, new $3 00@4 00; Southern prime, per barrel, $3 00@4 00. Rice quiet. Coffee—Spot Rio easy; No. 7 invoice 5¼c; mild quiet; Cordova 8@11½c. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 3c; centrifugal 96 test, 3½c; refined quiet. Cheese irregular; new State full cream, small colored, choice, 9¼c; white 10½c. Cabbage were quoted firm; Norfolk, barrel crate $1 75@2 00. Freights to Liverpool-Cotton by steam 10c. Peanuts firm; fancy hand picked 5c; other domestic 3¾@4¾c. Cotton seed oil—Owing to general dullness the market was easier to-day and lower all around. Closing prices: Prime crude, f. o. b. mills 36c; prime summer yellow 45@45½c; off summer yellow 44@45c; prime white 48@48½c; prime winter yellow 49@50c; prime meal $28 00@28 50, nominal.

CHICAGO, June 12.—Bullish sentiment put grain prices up to-day. Trade was of little importance save in oats, where there was good activity. The scarce news, however, was of a slightly bullish tone and at the close July wheat was ⅛@½c up, July corn ¼c higher and July oats ¼c higher. Provisions were pushed down in most products and closed 2½c higher to 10c lower.

CHICAGO, June 12.—Cash prices: Flour—No demand; prices nominal and easy. Wheat—No 2—c; No. 3 spring 70@72½c; No. 2 red 80c. Corn—No. 2 —c; No. 2 yellow 63¾. Oats—No. 2 43@43½c; No. 2 white 46½c; No. 3 white 45¾@46¼c. Mess pork, per barrel, $17 67½@17 85 Lard, per 100 lbs., $10 25@10 27½. Short rib sides, loose, $10 32½@10 47½. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $8 25@8 50. Short clear sides, boxed, $10 75@10 85. Whiskey—Basis of high wines, 1 30.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 July 72@72½, 73¼, 72, 72@72¼c; September 70¼@70½, 70¼@70⅞, 70¼, 70½c; December 71½@71¾, 72, 71¼, 71½c. Corn—No. 2, July 63¼@63½, 63½, 63½, 63¼c; September 58½@58⅝, 58⅞, 58¼@58⅜, 58⅜c; December 44½, 44½@44¾, 44⅜, 44½c. Oats—July, old, 37¼@37½, 37⅞, 37¼, 37½c; July, new, 39⅜@39½, 40½, 39⅜, 39⅝c; September, old, 28½, 28¼, 28½@28¾, 28⅝; September new, 30¼@30¾, 30⅞, 30¼, 30½c; December, new, 30¾, 30⅝@30⅞, 30⅝, 30⅝. Mess pork, per bbl—July $17 67½, 17 75, 17 57½, 17 50; September $17 77½, 17 85, 17 67½, 17 70. Lard, per 100 lbs—July $10 30, 10 35, 10 27½, 10 30; September $10 35, 10 40, 10 32½, 10 32½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—July $10 37½, 10 55, 10 37½, 10 45; September $10 25, 10 32½, 10 25, 10 25

## FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star

LIVERPOOL, June 12.—Cotton: Spot, fair demand; prices favor buyers; American middling 5 1-16d nominal. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 2,000 bales were for speculation and export and included 9,000 bales American. Receipts 1,000 bales, no American.

Futures opened and closed steady; American middling (g o c) June 4 57-64d seller; June and July 4 56-64d seller; July and August 4 54-64d buyer; August and September 4 48-64d seller; September and October 4 36-64d seller; October and November 4 28-64d buyer; November and December 4 25-64d buyer; December and January 4 24-64d buyer; January and February 4 23-64 @4 24-64d buyer.

## MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

CLEARED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Norwegian barque Kotka, Eriksen, Amsterdam, Heide & Co.

Schr C C Lister, Moore, New York, George Harriss, Son & Co.

### EXPORTS.

COASTWISE.

NEW YORK—Schr C C Lister, 351,222 feet lumber; cargo by Cape Fear Lumber Co; vessel by George Harriss, Son & Co.

FOREIGN.

AMSTERDAM—Nor barque Kotka, 9,950 barrels rosin, valued at $12,433.20; cargo by Murchison & Co; vessel by Heide & Co.

## MARINE DIRECTORY.

**List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., June 13**

SCHOONERS.

Jno G Schmidt, 450 tons, Norbury, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Harold B Cousens, 361 tons, Hart, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Geo E Dudley, 389 tons, Chase, George Harriss, Son & Co..

Dora Allison, 323 tons, Rose, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BRIGS.

Sullivan, 294 tons, McNeill, J T Riley & Co.

Just Received

A lot of Water Coolers at $1.50. Foster Bro.'s Enamel 3-piece Beds, guaranteed as good as any on the market and 20 per cent. cheaper than other makes.

The Springs are guaranteed never to sag.

A good Hammock for 80 cents. Nice line Hall Lamps. A good Oak Rocker for 90c. New lot nice Pictures cheap.

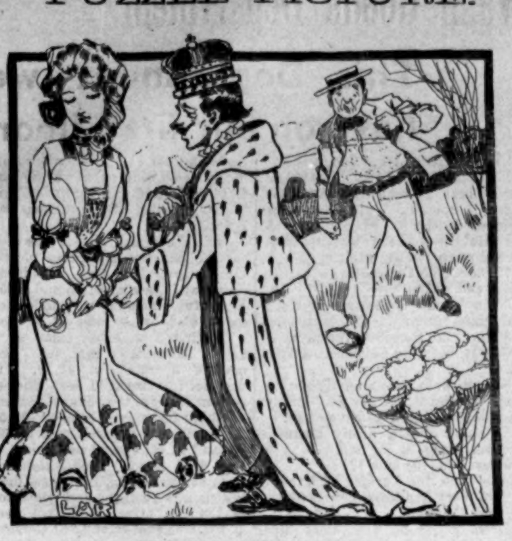
We offer any goods in stock at lowest prices. See our Cots and Safes.

GASTON D. PHARES & CO.

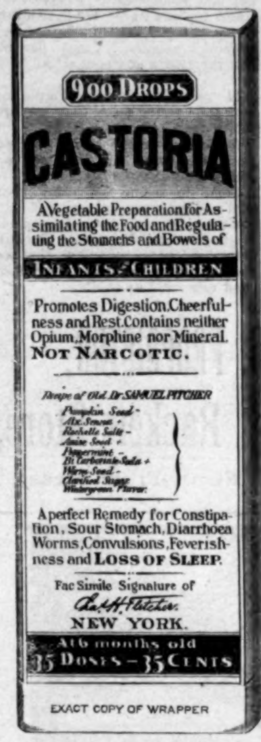
Inter-State 'Phone 76. 110-112 Market street.

je 5 tf

## PUZZLE PICTURE.



FIND THE GIRL'S FATHER.


900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER

# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

# CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

## Refrigerators, Ice Chests.

We are now prepared to offer housekeepers one of the best and most complete line of the above goods ever offered in Wilmington. Wec an recommend them to give absolute satisfaction, and best of all at prices within reach of most everybody. Our line of Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers, Wire Screen Doors, Window Screens—and all at low prices.

**Wm. E. Springer & Co.**

my 1 tf Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

## WE HAVE JUST COMPLETED FURNISHING THE SEASHORE HOTEL.

## Are Now Ready for You

We have prices and stock which will please you. Can't illustrate in this space.

FOR EXAMPLE:

| | |
|---|---|
| A PORCH ROCKER | $1.00 |
| A TOILET SET, good, | 1.99 |
| A HAMMOCK | 1.00 |

Remember—We represent the 3-piece Bernstein Iron Bed, spring guaranteed five years. Wilkie Refrigerators, Dixie Mosquito Nets. We solicit your trade.

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Needles for sale.

**THE SNEED CO.**

je 4 tf

## Choosing a Bank.

In looking about for a bank to receive your money, you want to find a SAFE bank, a convenient bank, an accommodating bank.

We want you to consider this bank along those lines.

Satisfy yourself of the soundness and reliability of this institution (the LARGEST AND STRONGEST savings bank in North Carolina)—then come in and open an account.

We pay 4 per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly, on deposits of $5.00 and upwards.

**The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company,**

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.

je 10 tf C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

## DR. LYON'S French Periodical Drops

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy.

**CAUTION** Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus: John L. Lyon. Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

mr 20 tf Sold by J. C. SHEPARD, Jr., Wilmington.

**FOR RENT,**

Stores, Dwellings, Offices, &c

au 22 tf D. O'CONNOR.

**Are You a Progressive Teacher**

or Ambitious Student of Elocution, Aesthetic Physical Culture or Oratory?

The New York School of Expression

Genevieve Stebbins, the Eminent Delsartian, and F. Townsend Southwick, Principals. Summer session at Monteagle, Tenn.

Address until July 1st, 318 West 57th Street, New York. ma 29 1m

# DEMOCRATIC PLAN OF ORGANIZATION.

1. The unit of county organization shall be the voting precincts. In each precinct there shall be an executive committee, to consist of five active Democrats, who shall be elected by the Democratic voters at the several precincts in the meeting first called by the county executive committee. And said committee so elected shall elect one of its members as chairman, who shall preside at all committee meetings.

2. The chairmen of the several precinct committees shall compose the county executive committee, which shall meet at the same time and place as the county convention first held in each election year, and elect a chairman of said county committee who need not be a member of the committee, and he shall preside at all meetings of said committee, and shall hold his place until his successor shall be elected. A majority of said precinct chairmen, in person, or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum. The county committee shall likewise appoint a central committee of five, who shall act in its stead when the county committee is not in session.

3. In case there shall be a failure on the part of any precinct to elect its executive committee for a period of thirty days, the county executive committee shall appoint said committee from the Democratic voters of said precinct.

4. The members of the precinct committee shall elect to any vacancy occurring in said committee.

5. The county executive committee shall call all necessary conventions by giving at least ten days' notice by public advertisement in three public places in each precinct, at the court house door, and any Democratic newspapers that may be published in said county, requesting all Democrats of the county to meet in their respective precincts on a common day therein stated, which said day shall not be less than three days before the meeting of the county conventions, for the purpose of electing their delegates to the county conventions. Thereupon the meeting so held shall elect their delegates to represent the precincts in the county convention from the voters of the respective voting precincts, which delegates, or such of them as shall attend, shall vote the full Democratic strength of their respective voting precincts on all questions that may come before said county conventions. In case no meeting shall be held in any precinct in pursuance of said call, or no election shall be made, the precinct executive committee shall appoint such delegates.

PRIMARIES.

6. At every precinct meeting there shall (before the delegates to the county convention are elected) be a vote taken for the different candidates for office, whose names may be presented and the delegates shall vote in the county convention of their respective districts in accordance with this vote; that is to say, each candidate shall receive in the county convention that proportion of the vote to which the precinct may be entitled which he received in the precinct meeting. The chairman and secretary of the precinct meeting shall certify to the county convention the vote received by each candidate at the precinct meeting.

7. Each precinct shall be entitled to cast in the county convention one vote for every twenty-five Democratic votes, and one vote for fractions of thirteen Democratic votes cast by the township at the last preceding gubernatorial election. Provided, that every voting precinct shall be entitled to cast one vote, and each precinct may send as many delegates as it may see fit.

8. The chairmen of the precinct committees shall preside at all precinct meetings. In their absence any other member of said committees may preside.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT CONVENTIONS

1. The several county conventions shall be entitled to elect to their senatorial, judicial and congressional conventions one delegate and one alternate for every fifty Democratic votes, and one delegate for fractions of over twenty-five Democratic votes cast at the last preceding gubernatorial election in their respective counties; and none but delegates or alternates so elected shall be entitled to a seat in said conventions: Provided, further, That in all county conventions in which delegates shall be selected to attend any State, congressional, judicial or other convention, a vote shall be taken in accordance with the plan of organization as to the candidates whose names may be presented to such county convention. The delegates shall be selected from the friends and supporters of each candidate voted for, in proportion to the number of votes he shall receive in such county convention and no other instruction shall be given: Provided further, That when only one candidate is presented and voted for at each county convention it shall be lawful to instruct for such candidate.

2. At every county convention (before delegates to State, congressional, judicial, senatorial or other conventions are chosen) there shall be a vote taken for the different candidates for office whose names may be presented and the delegates shall vote their respective counties in accordance with this vote, that is to say each candidate shall receive in the State, congressional, judicial, senatorial or other convention the proportion of the vote to which the county may be entitled which he received in the county convention. The chairman and secretary of the county convention shall certify to each convention the vote received by each candidate given: Provided, That where only one candidate is presented it shall be lawful to instruct for him. At all State and district conventions the delegates from the different counties may disregard the vote of their respective counties as to any candidate: Provided, That a two-thirds majority of all his votes from the county consent.

3. The chairman, or in his absence any member of the county, senatorial, judicial and congressional convention shall call to order their respective conventions and hold chairmanship thereof until the convention shall elect its chairman.

4. The executive committees of the senatorial, congressional and judicial districts, respectively, shall, at the call of their respective chairmen, meet at some time and place in their respective districts, and the chairmen of said respective committees shall immediately notify the chairmen of the different county executive committees of the said appointment and the said county executive committee shall forthwith call conventions of their respective counties in conformity to said notice to send delegates to said respective district conventions.

STATE CONVENTIONS.

The State convention shall be composed of delegates appointed by the several county conventions. Each county shall be entitled to elect one delegate and one alternate for every one hundred and fifty Democratic votes and one delegate for fractions over seventy-five Democratic votes cast therein at the last preceding gubernatorial election; and none but delegates or alternates so elected shall be entiled to seats in said convention: Provided, That every county shall have at least one vote in the convention.

Resolution passed at meeting of executive committee, November 30, 1897:

"*Resolved*, That in accordance with the resolution hereinbefore adopted, all white electors who intend to vote with us in the next election, and who desire the re-establishment of Anglo-Saxon supremacy and honest government in North Carolina are cordially invited to participate in all our primaries and conventions."

GENERAL RULES.

1. At all conventions the delegates shall be selected as near as may be from the friends and supporters of the candidates voted for.

2. Such delegates—or alternates of absent delegates—as may be present at any Democratic convention shall be allowed to cast the whole vote to which their precinct or county may be entitled.

3. In all conventions provided for by this system, after a vote is cast, there shall be no change in such votes until the final result of the ballot shall be announced by the chairman of said convention.

4. All Democratic executive committees shall have the power to fill any vacancies occurring in their respective bodies.

5. The chairmen of the different county conventions shall certify the list of delegates and alternates of the different district and State conventions, and a certified list of said delegates and alternates to the secretary of the State central committee.

6. It shall be the duty of the county committee and its chairman to furnish such information and make such reports to the chairman of the State committee as he may desire.

F. M. SIMMONS,
Chairman State Democratic Executive Committee.
P. M. PEARSALL, Secretary.

### A Fireman's Close Call.

"I stuck to my engine, although every joint ached and every nerve was racked with pain," writes C. W. Bellamy, a locomotive fireman, of Burlington, Ia. "I was weak and pale, without any appetite and all run down. As I was about to give up, I got a bottle of Electric Bitters, and after taking it I felt as well as I ever did in my life." Weak, sickly, run-down people always gain new life, strength and vigor from their use. Try them. Satisfaction guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Price 50 cents. †

### Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared to cure Piles and DOES IT in short order. Easy to apply, every box guaranteed, 50c. and $1.00. All druggists or by mail. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio. Sold by J. C. Sheppard, Jr. †

## SALES IN 1898

**748,706 prs.; in 1901**

**1,566,220 Pairs.**

What does this mean? It means that the

**W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.'s**

methods must be up-to-date in every sense.

In this era of sharp competition among manufacturers, when each one is trying to make their best, this firm, over 25 years old, has in the past four years more than doubled their already large business. This is phenomenal. With this Shoe for Men and Boys, and Duthenhofer's, (the counterpart of Douglas) for Ladies, with many lower grades proportionately good, is it any wonder that our business is increasing?

It does not take the public long to find where

**They can get the Best Shoes for the least money.**

## Mercer & Evans Co.,

63¼ st ps from corner Front and Second Sts., on Princess. je 1 tf

## Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON N. C

DIRECTORS:
J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
ED. MCRAE, MAXTON.
A. J. MCKINNON, MAXTON.
G. B. PATTERSON, MAXTON.
J B. WEATHERLY, MAXTON.
W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per share.

Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly installments of 25 cents per share.

The management is prudent and economical—as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM President.

# THE INDEPENDENT ICE COMPANY

**IS STILL MAKING HIGH GRADE ICE AND IS SELLING AT LOW GRADE PRICES.**

We wish to assure the public that no efforts on the part of our competitors will be successful in underselling us. All parties concerned may as well understand our position first as last. We are thoroughly equipped to make ICE and to sell it, This is our business and we intend to push it regardless.

## THE INDEPENDENT ICE CO.

| Factory Phones | Dock Street Phones. |
|---|---|
| Bell 68. Inter-State 197. | Bell 556. Inter-State 234. |

je 11 tf

# W. E. WORTH & CO.

# Ice and Coal.

We are making and selling the purest ICE in this city.

Our prices are alike to every customer taking like quantities, and we do not intend to be undersold.

The public knows that we have the capacity and the equipment to furnish more ICE than can be used in this territory.

We do not claim to own you, but respectfully solicit your patronage.

## Wm. E. Worth & Co.

| Factory 'Phones. | Dock Street Department. |
|---|---|
| Bell 94, Inter-State 146. | Bell 64, Inter-State 416. |

je 12 tf

# The Seashore Hotel,

**WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C.**

## Opens for the Summer, June 1st.

For the coming season of 1902 we have added sixty large airy bedrooms, twenty en suite, with private baths, bowling alley, pool and billard hall. Hotel being but a few yards from old ocean's edge renders it cool and comfortable at all times.

## No Malaria, No Mosquitoes, No Flies.

The finest bathing, boating and fishing along the Atlantic coast. The cuisine will be thoroughly up-to-date, embracing everything in the way of delicacies in sea foods and choice edibles. Artesian water. Music the entire season by Professor Hollowbush's New York orchestra of eight pieces. No more delightful resort in the South. Write for descriptive booklet, rates, etc.

Address

**JOE H. HINTON, Manager,**

my 8 3m Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

# THE NORTH CAROLINA HOT SPRINGS, THE MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

## Hot Springs N. C.

Hot Mineral Drinking Water and Baths, with temperature ranging from ninety-six to one hundred and ten degrees. Strongly Alkaline and Nature's Specific for Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, and all kindred troubles. There are no cases which they will not greatly relieve, and few which they will not positively cure, if faithfully used. These Springs are in the grounds of the

## MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

A Hostelry with accommodations for Three Hundred Guests, and New, Modern, Elegant. Situated in a park of one hundred acres, on the banks of the French Broad River, thirty-five miles west of Asheville, on the main line of the Southern Railway, surrounded by some of the grandest mountains east of the Rocky Mountains. No Humidity. No Fogs. A delightful Home for the Pleasure-Seeker, an Eden for the Rheumatic. No healthier, no more delightful place in the world.

Write us for Illustrated Booklet, with Analysis and Testimonials.

## HOWELL COBB, Proprietor.

mar 9 tf su

# Just Received

**Another big lot Embroidery in short lengths at**

## 2c, 3c, 4c, 5c, 6c, 7c and 8c yard.

Come down at once and get the best.

## S. & B. SOLOMON.

je 12 tf

**STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF The Murchison National Bank,**

OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

At close of business, April 30, 1902.

(Began business March 1, 1899.)

| RESOURCES. | | LIABILITIES. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Loans and discounts | $ 647,085 52 | Capital stock | $ 200,000 00 |
| U. S. Bonds | 207,000 00 | Profits less expenses | 44,413 47 |
| Five per cent. redemption fund | 7,800 00 | Circulation | 156,950 00 |
| Real Estate for Bank Building | 24,197 51 | Deposits, Banks | 275,437 04 |
| Cash on hand and in banks | 250,778 25 | Deposits, individual | 460,060 77 |
| | $1,136,861 28 | | $1,136,861 28 |

We solicit your account. We can furnish you every accommodation consistent with safe banking. my 7 tf

# DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA (TEETHING POWDERS)

Cures Cholera-Infantum, Diarrhoea, Dysentery and the Bowel Troubles of Children *of Any Age*. Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Strengthens the Child and MAKES TEETHING EASY. Cures Eruptions and Sores, Colic, Hives and Thrush. Removes and prevents Worms. TEETHINA Counteracts and Overcomes the Effects of the Summer's heat upon Teething Children, and costs only 25 cents at Druggists, or mail 25 cents to C. J. MOFFETT, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

For sale by all good Druggists. R. R. BELLAMY can supply the trade with TEETHINA at Dr. Moffett's prices. je 3 1y

FLORIDA WEST S.A.L. INDIA SHORT LINE

## VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

**Between New York, Tampa Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.**

**Schedule in Effect April 13.**

TRAIN 39 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:20 P. M., Pembroke 5:45 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:15 P. M., Charlotte 10:30 P. M.

TRAIN 40 Leaves Charlotte 4:50 A. M., Hamlet at 8:10 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:52 A. M., Pembroke 9:20 A. M., Lumberton 9:50 A. M., Wilmington 12.15 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Hamlet | 10.35 p m | 7.25 a m |
| Ar Monroe | 12.15 a m | 9.05 a m |
| Ar Charlotte | .... | 10.18 a m |
| Ar Chester | 1.35 a m | 10.22 a m |
| Ar Greenwood | 3.43 a m | 12.30 p m |
| Ar Athens | 6.13 a m | 2 50 p m |
| Ar Atlanta | 8.50 a m | 4.55 p m |

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Hamlet | 10.35 p m | 7.20 a m |
| Ar Columbia | 1.05 a m | 9.40 a m |
| Ar Savannah | 4.55 a m | 2.10 p m |
| Ar Jacksonville | 9.15 a m | 7 45 p m |
| Ar Tampa | 5.40 p m | 6.45 a m |

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Hamlet | 10.40 p m | 8.05 a m |
| Ar Raleigh | 1.30 a m | 11.05 a m |
| Ar Norlina | 3.30 a m | 1.45 p m |
| Ar Portsmouth<br>Ar Norfolk | 7.15 a m | 5.35 p m |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lv Hamlet | 10.40 p m | 8.25 a m | 7.40 a m |
| Ar Raleigh | 1.30 a m | 11.30 a m | 11.00 a m |
| Ar Norlina | 3.30 a m | 1.25 a m | 1.45 p m |
| Ar Petersburg | 5.54 a m | 4.07 p m | 4.55 p m |
| Ar Richmond | 6.35 a m | 4.55 p m | 5.45 p m |
| Ar Washington | 10.10 a m | 8.36 p m | 9.30 p m |
| Ar Baltimore | 11.25 a m | 11.25 p m | 11.25 p m |
| Ar New York | 4.15 p m | 6.30 a m | 6.30 a m |

Train 40 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 31, leaving New York at 12.35 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 7.00 p. m.; Richmond 10.37 p. m.; Portsmouth 8.50 p. m.; Norfolk 8.30 p. m.; Raleigh 4.12 a. m. arriving at Hamlet at 7.00 a. m. From train 38, leaving Atlanta 8.00 p. m.; Athens 11.23 p. m.; Chester 4.00 a. m.; Charlotte 4.50 a. m.; Monroe 5.40 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.00 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 3 05 p. m.; Savannah 12.10 p. m.; Columbia 3.55 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 8.05 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

ap 16 tf

## Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

| GOING EAST. | | | GOING WEST. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 Pass'g'r Trains | | STATIONS. | 4 Pass'g'r Trains | |
| Arrive | Leave | | Arrive | Leave |
| P. M. | P. M. | | A. M. | A. M. |
| ........ | 3 40 | Goldsboro | 11 05 | ........ |
| ........ | 4 39 | Kinston | 10 12 | ........ |
| 5 40 | 5 50 | Newbern | 8 37 | 9 00 |
| 7 02 | 7 07 | Morehead City | 7 22 | 7 27 |
| P. M. | P. M. | | A. M. | A. M. |

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3,05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 23 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

## Sandy Run Poultry Yards

**W. D. HARRILL & CO., Prop.,**

ELLENBORO, N. C.

Eggs for sale from prize winners of the following varieties:

Black Minorcas, Light Brahmas, Black Langshans, Buff, Brown and White Leghorns. Buff Plymouth Rocks, Partridge Wyandottes, R. I. Reds and S. S. Hamburgs. Won at High Point, N. C., every first prize competed for but two; won at Charleston, S. C., four first, second and third on ten entries.

Eggs—Leghorns, Plymouth Rocks, R. I. Reds and S. S. Hamburgs $1.50 for 15; Partridge Wyandottes $3.00 for 15; Langshans, Minorcas and Brahmas $2.00 for 15.

Write your wants or order from this advertisement We will do you right. feb 28 tf

## New Goods.

## FIRST PAT. FLOUR,

**Second Pat. Flour,**

**Straight Flour.**

RICE, SUGAR, COFFEE,

CANNED GOODS,

SOAP, STARCH, &c., &c.

Special attention to consignments.

## S. P. McNAIR.

my 9 tf

## Seacoast Railroad.

Summer Schedule, 1902, in effect June 1st.

| Leave Wilmington. | Leave Ocean View, |
|---|---|
| *6.30 A. M. daily. | *7.10 A. M. daily. |
| 10.30 A. M. daily. | 11.30 A. M. daily. |
| 1.00 P. M. Sat. only. | 2.00 P. M. Sat. only. |
| 3.00 P M. daily. | 4.00 P. M. daily. |
| 5.30 P. M. daily. | 6.30 P. M. daily. |
| 7.30 P. M. daily. | 10.00 P. M. daily. |
| †11.00 P. M. | †12 00 P. M. |

*Except Sunday.
†Friday and Saturday only.

FREIGHT.

All classes of freight will be handled on the 10.30 A. M. and 5.30 P. M. trains. The 6.30 A. M. and the 7.30 P. M. trains will carry perishable freight only.

| Freight for | Not rec'd after |
|---|---|
| 6.30 A. M. train, | 6.15 A. M. |
| " 10.30 A. M | " 10.00 A. M. |
| " 5.30 P. M. | " 5.00 P. M. |
| " 7.30 P. M. | " 7.15 P. M. |

Shippers and consignees will please take notice of the above, and see that no orders are received or sent for goods to be shipped by these trains which cannot be delivered at the Company's freight depot within the time specified.

BAGGAGE.

All baggage not specifically marked for some hotel, boarding house or private family will be held at Ninth and Orange until the proper address has been given.

my 24 tf A. B. SKELDING, Supt.

## At the Unlucky Corner.

Have you ever tried

**Webb's Cream Sugar Corn?**

No. Then come and get one can free with a purchase of two (2) lbs. of parched or ground

**Caracas Laguyra Coffee for 45c.**

The regular price would be 63c. Only a few days.

## S. W. SANDERS,

je 6 tf

## Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co

**Schedule in Effect May 25, 1902.**

NORTH BOUND.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.05 A. M., Warsaw 11.21 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.58 P. M., Tarboro 2.21 P. M. Weldon 4.53 P. M., Petersburg 6.46 P. M., Richmond 7.45 P. M., Norfolk 5.5[illegible] P. M., Washington 11.40 P. M., Baltimore 1.28 A. M., Philadelphia 4.05 A. M., New York 7.13 A. M., *Boston 3.30 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.[illegible] P. M., Warsaw 8.40 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 9.34 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.23 P. M. Weldon 1.50 A. M., †Norfolk 1.00 P. M. Petersburg 3.35 A. M., Richmond 4 12 A. M., Washington 7.54 A. M., Baltimore 9.18 A. M, Philadelphia 11.33 A. M. New York 1.53 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 3.25 P. M. No. 68—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 6.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY except Sunday 6.00 A. M. No. 51—Due Lake Waccamaw 7.10 A. M., Chadbourn, 7.41 A. M., Marion 8.45 A. M., Florence 9.25 A. M., Lanes 11 26 A. M., Charleston 1.10 P. M.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.03 P. M., Chadbourn 5.41 P. M. Marion 6.55 P. M., Florence 8.15 P. M., Sumter 9 30 P. M., Columbia 10.55 P. M. Denmark 6.31 A. M., Augusta 8.25 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 3.00 A. M., Jacksonville 8.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.50 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.10 A. M. No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.20 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.42 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.58 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York †9.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.49 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.22 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.59 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.15 P. M. Warsaw 4.10 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 10.10 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York *9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.03 P. M., Baltimore 2.16 P. M., Washington 3.45 P. M., Richmond 7.25 P. M., Petersburg 8.02 P. M., †Norfolk 4.00 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 7.22 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.45 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.26 A. M., Goldsboro 7.31 A. M., Warsaw 8.24 A. M., Magnolia 8.37 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 63—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.36 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY except Sunday 11.45 P. M. No. 50—Leave Charleston 4.35 P. M. Lanes 6.21 P. M., Florence 8.30 P. M., Marion 9.60 P. M., Chadbourn 10.08 P. M., Lake Waccamaw 10.21 P. M.

DAILY 1.40 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.40 A. M., Sanford 2.10 P. M., Jacksonville 8.30 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 6.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.25 P. M., Columbia 6.55 A. M., Sumter 8.29 P. M., Florence 10.10 A. M., Marion 10.53 A. M., Chadbourn 11.58 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.29 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.30 P. M. No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.10 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.30 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.40 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with train No. 78 at Maxton with the Carolina Central railroad at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.10 A. M. Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.32 A. M., Parkton 10.02 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.35 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 5.00 P. M., Hope Mills 5.25 P. M., Red Springs 5.53 P. M., Maxton 6.26 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.25 P. M.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10.18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.15 P. M., Halifax 3.29 P M.; arrive Scotland Neck 4.10 P. M., Greenville 5.47 P. M., Kinston 6.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.30 A. M., Greenville 8.30 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.05 A. m., Weldon 11.20 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 A. M. and 1.45 P. M.; arrive Parmele 8.55 A. M. and 3.10 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.15 A. M. and 5.22 P. M.; arrives Washington 10 25 A. M and 6.15 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 6.35 P. M. and 5.30 P. M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.03 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 9.55 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.00 A. M., arriving Smithfield 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7:00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8:25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 4.50 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.20 A. M., 4.23 P. M., Spring Hope 11.05 A. M., 4.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.20 A. M., 5.15 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M. 5.45 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M 3 20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw, for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 8.30 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 7.00 A. M and 9.30 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.28 A. M., arrive Latta 10.46 A. M., Dillon 10.58 A. M., Rowland 11.15 A M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.22 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.44 P. M., Latta 7.00 P. M., Pee Dee 7.25 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 12.10 P. M.; arrive Conway 1.40 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.30 P M. arrive Chadbourn 5.20 P M. leave Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Elrod 6.20 A M., returning leave Elrod 8.40 A M., arrive Chadbourn 11.25 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 6.20 P. M., Manning 6.53 P. M.; arrive Lane's 7.35 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.35 A. M., Manning 9.14 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.45 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., †7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A.M., †8.20 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; †4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; †5.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 10.05 A M.; arrive Darlington 10.30 A. M., Hartsville 1.55 P. M., Cheraw 11.45 A. M., Wadesboro 12.50 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.15 P.M.; arrive Darlington 8.40 P. M., Bennettsville 9.06 P. M., Gibson 10.32 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 10.05 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.30 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.15 A M. Bennettsville 7,15 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 9.20 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.59 P. M., 11.10 P. M., arrive Selma 2.48 P. M. 12.10 P. M., Smithfield 3.00 P. M., Dunn 3.42 P. M. Fayetteville 4.36 P. M., 1 22 A. M., Rowland 6.22 A. M., returning leave Rowland 11.15 A. M., Fayetteville 12.35 P. M., 10.02 P. M., Dunn 1.24 P. M., Smithfield 2.03 P. M. Selma 2.10 P. M., 11.40 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.57 P. M., 12.20 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.43 A. M., Creston 5.37 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.31 A. M. Returning leave Denmark 4.28 P. M., Creston 5.34 P. M. Sumter 6.30 P M. Daily.

††Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
je 7 tf

## The Clyde Steamship Co. New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| GEO. W. CLYDE | Saturday, | June 14 |
| ONEIDA | Saturday, | June 21 |

From Wilmington for New York.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| ONEIDA | Saturday, | June 14 |
| GEO. W. CLYDE | Saturday, | June 21 |

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| ONEIDA | Tuesday, | June 17 |
| GEO. W. CLYDE | Tuesday, | June 24 |

Steamers do not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C
THEO. G. EGER, General Manager,
19 State street, New York

je 11 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 13.

### EMBEZZLEMENT CHARGED.

Four Prominent Citizens of Birmingham, Ala.—Indicted by the Grand Jury and Under Bail.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., June 12.—As the result of an investigation by the grand jury into the affairs of the Continental Securities and Redemption Company and, the Birmingham Debenture Company, both defunct, Captain R. F. Kolb, Henry B. Gray, George A. Blinn, Jr., and W. L. Dodd, all prominent citizens of this city, have been indicted and placed under bail upon the charge of embezzlement.

The amounts alleged to have been fraudulently converted range from two to thirty thousand dollars; two thousand in the case of Gray and Kolb, five thousand in the case of Dodd and thirty thousand in the case of Blinn, as charged by the grand jury.

Captain Kolb was the leader of the Kolb movement in Alabama some years ago, being twice a candidate for Governor and perhaps one of the most prominent men in the State. Mr. Gray is treasurer of Jefferson county and president of a local banking house. Mr. Dodd is president of the Southern Mutual Aid Association, while Mr. Blinn is a prominent business man. All parties deny the charges and claim they will be vindicated of any wrong doing.

### OPPOSITION TO RECIPROCITY.

Beet Sugar Senators in Conference—Propose Two Alternatives.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—The Republican senators who are friendly to beet sugar and who oppose the proposed legislation for a reduction of the tariff on Cuban products, held a conference of almost two hours duration to-day and decided to continue their opposition to the reciprocity proposition. They will do this by announcing to the advocates of tariff reduction that they will cast their votes for the reciprocity bill as it passed the House of Representatives, including the Morris amendment for the abolition of the differential duty on refined sugar, and that they will resist all amendments that may be offered to it. They will propose two alternatives. One of these is to drop the subject and make no further attempt to secure reciprocity legislation. The other is to accept the rebate plan.

### TO EXTEND COTTON CULTURE.

Action Taken by the Lancashire Chamber of Commerce.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, June 12.—The Lancashire Chamber of Commerce and the Associations of Cotton Operatives held an important joint meeting here to-day to consider the question of encouraging the growth of cotton throughout the British Empire. It was decided at the meeting to organize a British cotton growers association to foster the growth of cotton in the British colonies and protectorates. A guarantee fund of 5,000 pounds was subscribed. A committee was also formed and empowered to send experts throughout the world to collect data on the improved methods of cotton cultivation, to acquire land for experimental stations, to establish plantations and to instruct natives in the methods of cotton culture, and to maintain cotton exchanges to facilitate buying, selling and transporting the crop.

### THE SURRENDERED BOERS.

Many Are Youngsters of Eleven Years Old and Upwards.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PRETORIA, June 11.—In all 10,225 Boers have surrendered up to date. Many are youngsters of eleven years old and upward. The majority of them are under thirty, though some of the Burghers who have surrendered are septuagenarians. Reports from all the districts say that the Burghers are increasingly friendly. The only bitterness observable among the leading Boers here is against France and Germany. They declare the war was prolonged unnecessarily, owing to hopes held out by the French and German press. Some of the Boers are so incensed that they have expressed the hope that some day they will fight on the side of the British against one of these Powers.

The Boers admit they received ammunition through Portuguese territory.

### PLANT WILL CASE.

Judge Robinson of the Superior Court of Connecticut Dissolves Injunction.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WATERBURY, CONN., June 12.—Judge Robinson, of the Superior Court, has handed down a decision dissolving the injunction which restrained the executors of the Plant will from removing the $17,000,000 trust fund from Connecticut into New York, except that $15,000, the amount of a legacy to which Charles E. Hoadley, of this city, is entitled, as representing his children, must remain in this State, according to the decision.

Judge Robinson finds that the Hoadley heirs are collateral kindred, being sons of a half brother of the testator, and as such they have a collateral interest in the estate. He does not find, however, that according to the will they are in any way interested in the distribution of the $17,000,000 trust fund in the event of the decease of the beneficiary mentioned in the will.

The United Churning Company, capital $1,000,000, has been incorporated in Trenton, N. J., to deal in dairy products.

**Says He Was Tortured.**

"I suffered such pain from corns I could hardly walk," writes H. Robinson, of Hillsborough, Ill., "but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured them." Acts like magic on Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Sores, Scalds, Burns, Boils and Ulcers. Perfect healer of Skin Diseases and Piles. Cure guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Price 25 cents.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher.

### STRIKE RIOTS IN PAWTUCKET, R. I.

The Governor Orders Out the State Militia to Suppress Disorders.

### CONFLICTS WITH RIOTERS.

Street Cars Stoned by the Mob—A Boy Shot and Fatally Wounded—Deputy Sheriff Charged With the Shooting Arrested.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., June 12.—For the first time in the history of the city, bayonets in the hands of soldiers ordered out by the Governor of the State to suppress riotous disturbances in the suburbs, glistened in the streets of Pawtucket to-day.

The astonishing increase in the number of lawless acts directed against the United Traction Company, whose Union men have been on strike since July 2nd, and the inability of the limited force of police and deputy sheriffs to suppress rioting, induced Governor Kimball to call out the militia. Numerous scenes of disorder occurred during the day and more than a score of persons were injured, one fatally.

**Read the Riot Act.**

In the presence of about 1,000 persons and the militia this evening Adjutant General Sackett read the riot act. The city was then taken possession of by the militia. A provisional regiment was formed, composed of companies from the First and Second regiments, with the first battalion of cavalry. The regiment responded to an emergency call promulgated by Governor Kimball and Brigadier General Herbert S. Tanner assumed command. In the afternoon orders were issued, calling out the Third division of the naval reserves and the machine gun battery.

The first disturbance was at the city line. Pursuing the custom followed during the strike, the United Traction Company cars were started from the Pawtucket avenue car house near the line dividing Pawtucket and Providence, and on one car was a number of deputy sheriffs. This car was followed at intervals by three others.

**Trouble Began.**

When the cars reached the junction of Pautucket and East avenues trouble began. The presence of the deputies on the cars angered the crowd which had gathered, and a fusilade of stones, tin cans and other missiles followed. The motorman of each car saw that his only chance was to start the car at full speed and run through the crowd without stopping. Each car was assailed and soon all were stalled at Hay Market Square. Then Chief of Police Rice informed General Tanner that the conditions were such that his force of men were unable to handle the mob, and he sought the aid of the militia.

A company of the First regiment was sent out, and met the cars at Haymarket square. It preceded them to East and Pawtucket avenues, where the militia men guarded the cars in front and rear. There was a noisy demonstration. For a minute the soldiers were cheered and then a few rocks were thrown. One of these struck Deputy Sheriff Horton, cutting his face.

On a trip from Providence to Pawtucket Deputy Sheriff Horton had discharged his revolver four times, and, although no one was hit this act made the crowd angry. But the cars were run through to the city line without further trouble.

Then the street where the trouble had occurred was picketed off by troop A, and the troopers maintained peace for an hour or more. During this interval cars were not run. In the meantime High Sheriff White asked that three companies of militia be sent to Pawtucket avenue and this was done, with Major Johnson in command. But before this order was carried into effect

**The Most Serious Trouble**

of the day occurred. A car was started from the Pawtucket avenue car house on which were a score of deputy sheriffs. At Pawtucket and East avenues a big crowd was in waiting and prepared to give the deputies a warm reception.

Major Maynard had the first battalion of cavalry as a guard to the cars, the troops being divided by platoons, in front and rear. The deputy sheriffs were ordered to keep their revolvers in their pockets by Major Maynard, who said if there was to be shooting done, the militia would do.

Chief of Police Rice was present and advised the people to disperse and a number of the striking conductors and motermen practically endangered their own safety by endeavoring to prevail on the people to go. Before the people turned their attention to the car, they cheered the troopers. Immediately after, however, a rain of stones, brickbats and every conceivable form of missile fell upon the electric cars. The troopers were hemmed in by the mob and with great difficulty succeeded in working their way out, the mtorman of the car bravely facing the mob and getting his car through.

**A Boy Shot.**

But when the turmoil was at its height, fully a dozen shots were fired from the car, through the drawn curtains, all of which did no damage save one, which lodged in the neck of Venner Peterson, aged 12, son of John Peterson of this city. The boy had been carrying dinner and was returning home and was attracted to the scene. The shot struck him when he was standing some distance from the car. The shooting made the mob wild, and only the presence of the troops prevented the demolition of the car and the serious injury of some of the deputies. Major Sweet, surgeon of the cavalry, examined the boy and pronounced him fatally hurt. The boy was taken to the Emergency hospital, where it was announced to-night that he would die.

The wounding of the boy sobered the crowd which, after the car had proceeded, became temperate, but many threats were made to kill a deputy sheriff in retaliation.

At this time a Providence passenger, Benjamin P. Bosworth, becoming alarmed at the shower of stones, jumped from the car which was being rushed through the mob, and sustained serious injuries by falling. He suffered concussion of the brain. It is thought he will recover.

**More Troops.**

The situation during the remainder of the afternoon after the militia officers had been over the field and had mapped out plans of campaign and the proclamation of Governor Kimball had been published, was such that General Tanner determined to have all the soldiers available. After consultation with Governor Kimball it was decided to ask for all of the available militia and additional companies were called out. On arrival of these commands there were 730 men and 60 officers on duty. After the militia had been stoned in the morning ball cartridges were served out, each private carrying forty rounds and each officer fifty rounds of revolver ammunition

**Not Under Martial Law.**

The city has not been placed under martial law, although many have assumed that fact. Martial law cannot be announced save through act of the General Assembly. Arrests will be made by the militia and the people will be kept in motion at all times.

Detective Haberlin, of the Pawtucket police force, has arrested William J. Walsh, a deputy sheriff who is accused of shooting the Peterson boy. When taking the prisoner to the police station the detective and Special Officer Hannigan were roughly handled and were followed to the door of the station by a mob that stoned the officers and made great effort to get the prisoner from them. The man was searched and on him was found a revolver which had four cartridges in it. Welsh was arraigned before Judge Shove on charge of assault with intent to kill. The prisoner pleaded not guilty and was held in the sum of $1,000 for a hearing. Because of the inability of the prisoner to furnish bail, and the unwillingness of the police to permit him to be carried through the streets, he remains locked up in police headquarters.

### CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION AT WEST POINT CLOSED.

Diplomas Presented by President Roosevelt to the Graduating Class. The Speeches.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WEST POINT, N. Y., June 12.—The centennial celebration of West Point Military Academy was ended to-day with the presentation of diplomas to the graduating class. The weather was fine and the ceremony took place out of doors on that part of the parade grounds known as "Cavalry plain." An open tent over a platform had been erected for the speakers and officials and standing at the front of the platform President Roosevelt presented each new officer with his diploma.

It was expected the President would make a few remarks, but he simply shook hands with each cadet. On the platform besides the President were General Horace Porter General Miles, Secretary Root, Secretary Moody, the Chinese minister Wu Ting Fang, Senator Pettus of Alabama and others.

The speakers were General Dick, for the board of visitors, General Root for the government and General Miles for the army.

Secretary Root said it was a fundamental principle that the military branch of the government should be subject to the control of the civil. He told the cadets to bear in mind that their education was not by any means complete, and that they could go on learning to be good soldiers until they retired, if they were lucky enough to live until the age of sixty-four. The regular army, in time of war, he said, was a nucleus of a greater organization, including the militia and national guard, and he advised the cadets to get the good will of these bodies and of citizens interested in the army.

The secretary told how an old officer in the late war happened to come under the command of a young volunteer officer and yet continued to perform his duty without giving any sign of the feelings he must have had, as an old and faithful soldier. "His conduct attracted attention and the President," said the speaker, "picked him out to lead the American army to Pekin, General A. R. Chaffee. It was because he ruled his own spirit that the President thought he could take a city."

The two most talked of incidents of the celebration are the speech of General Horace Porter which made a deep impression and the defence of the army in different speeches. General Miles' remarks to-day were chiefly those of an older to younger officers and referred almost wholly to the business of war. He said there there were two supreme moments in the life of a soldier, one when an officer knows he is doing just what the enemy thinks he is not, and when he feels one more victory has been added to American glory. General Miles was loudly cheered and applauded when he arose to speak.

### STRIKE SITUATION IN THE POCAHONTAS FIELDS.

Union Men Seem to Be Losing Ground. Mine Owners Declare the Strike is Practically Broken.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ROANOKE, VA., June 12.—The officials of the Norfolk and Western Railroad Company said that the Pocahontas coal field situation had gradually improved, and that the outlook for a final and early settlement of the trouble is considerably brighter. Forty mines out of forty-six are working to-day. Some of them have very small forces. The output yesterday was 185 cars and to-day's loading will be more. Most of those who have returned to work are Union men. The mine owners declare the strike is practically broken and express the belief that all the mines will be operating by next Monday. The Waite miners are remaining on the fields fishing and hunting and some are doing outside work for the operators at $1.25 a day. The Clinch Valley and Thacker fields are working full forces. The Tug River field, which has been closed, to-day has a small force at work. No reports of violence have been received.

BLUEFIELD, W. VA., June 12.—Regardless of the statement made by the Union men that not two per cent. of the miners would return to work this morning, more men are at work today than any day since the strike began. This is partially accounted for by the importation of a hundred or more Hungarians into the field last night. It is very probable that from 175 to 200 cars will be loaded in this region to-day. Eighty-five per cent. of the men are still out.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., June 1.—There is no change in the strike situation in the southern portion of the State to-day. On the Chesapeake and Ohio, 12,000 miners are out, and two thousand are at work. On the Norfolk and Western, out of 14,500 men, fifteen hundred are at work.

### ARRIVALS FROM MANILA.

Maj. Waller and Lieut. Day, Who Were Recently Tried by Court Martial.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 12.—Among the officers arriving from Manila on the transport Warren to-day were Major L. W. T. Waller and Lieutenant J. H. A. Day, of the marine corps, the two officers who were recently tried by court martial in the Philippines on the charge of cruelty to Filipinos and acquitted. Major Waller and Lieutenant Day are both enfeebled in health by the strain of Philippine service and came home with a battalion of marines. The marines will be taken to Mare island and the two officers will go to Washington to report before the Senate committee.

### PROCEEDINGS IN SENATE AND HOUSE

Senator Morgan Discussed Diplomatic Phases of the Isthmian Canal Question.

### DENOUNCED PANAMA SCHEME

The House Devoted the Day to a Debate Upon the Irrigation Bill—Resolution of Inquiry as to Expenditures of U. S. Officials in Cuba.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—After considering the London dock charges bill for an hour and a half to-day, without completing it, the Senate resumed consideration of the Isthmian Canal question.

Senator Morgan, of Alabama, occupied the floor for three hours and a half, discussing particularly the diplomatic phases of the question.

The Alabama senator intimated that Minister Silva, of Colombia, had been recalled from Washington because the Colombian government "could raise no money on his opinion" which was not in accord with the views of Colombia as to canal concessions. He said that Colombia if the United States should pay $40,000,000 for the Panama canal, would get $1,000,000 down, "and how many millions more God only knows—or his satanic majesty—who, I think has more to do with this business than the Almighty."

He said the Liberal party in Columbia never would extend the concessions of the new Panama Canal Company, and if the United States should pay $40,000000 for those concessions and the property, it might as well throw the money into the sea. He repudiated the idea that the Americans could be deceived by any such "foul and dirty scheme."

He declared that there never was a "more mistaken piece of legislation" than the Spooner amendment and referred to it as having been "offered in the name of the senator from Wisconsin."

Senator Spooner warmly resented the intimation that he was not the author of the amendment.

Senator Fairbanks offered an amendment to the Spooner amendment, authorizing the secretary of the treasury to borrow from time to time, $160,000,000 for the construction of the canal, bonds to be issued for the amount borrowed, to bear interest at 2 per cent., payable in gold; the bonds to be disposed of at not less than par.

Senator Morgan immediately criticised Senator Fairbank's proposition, declaring that it was simply another feature of the methods being employed to delay the canal construction.

With some heat Senator Fairbanks insisted that his amendment was perfectly reasonable and proper. He believed it to be in accord with the wisest statesmanship to distribute the cost of the canal over a period of years instead of putting the burden of the entire cost upon the people of the present time.

Later, Senator Morgan suggested that he was holding the chairmanship of the Oceanic Canal Committee as a place thrown to the Democrats; but Senator Hoar assured him that he did not hold the position as a place, but because the Republican side had regarded him as "one of the greatest of living Senators; as one of the greatest of living authorities upon one of the greatest questions."

"I shall soon be one of the greatest dead ones," suggested Senator Morgan facetiously, "unless the Republican side shall take up this question in the view of William McKinley, who was more responsible for it than I am or in that of General Grant, who was more responsible still."

Earlier in the session, Senator Mallory, of Florida, advocated the passage of the London Dock Charges bill, although he was certain that the shippers would reap very great benefit from it.

**House of Representatives.**

The House to-day adopted a special rule for the consideration of the Irrigation bill which passed the Senate some time ago, and devoted the day to general debate upon the measure. By the terms of the rule general debate closed at the adjournment this evening. To-morrow the bill will be read for amendment under the five-minute rule. Messrs. Mondell, Wyoming; Tongue, of Oregon; Tirrell, of Massachusetts, and Shallenberger, of Nebraska, spoke to-day in favor of the bill. Mr. Ray, chairman of the Judiciary Committee, made a long legal argument against it.

Mr. Mondrell submitted an extended argument in favor of the bill The amount of land which might ultimately be reclaimed by irrigation was estimated, he said, at between 35,000,000 and 75,000,000 acres. It was estimated, he said, that the pending bill would produce a fund from the sale of public lands of between two and two and a half million dollars, which would gradually increase. It was estimated that the cost of bringing water to the settler would be about $10 per acre, so that at the present rate the bill would bring 250,000 acres under irrigation annually.

Mr. Underwood ot Alabama, argued that the only method of building up the arid land States was to provide for their irrigation. The bill would not take a dollar out of the treasury, he said, it would only use the proceeds from the sale of lands in each State for the benefit of such State

Mr. Olmsted, defended the machinery of the House, argued that present legislative methods were necessary for the transaction of public business. Fourteen thousand bills had been introduced at the present session. The House would have to sit up night and day for ten years to consider and pass upon all of them. He went over the record to show that more bills had been passed and more unanimous consents had been given in the last Congress than in the fortyninth and fiftieth Congresses, before the present system went into effect. He concluded by adjuring members, in the language of a Western music hall notice, "Don't shoot the fiddlers. They are doing the best they can."

Mr. Olmsted, of Pennsylvania, enlivened the proceedings with a humorous speech in reply to Mr. Cushman's recent attack upon the Committee on Rules.

Representative Hay, of Virginia, introduced a resolution reciting that the United States had acted as a trustee for the people in Cuba and directing the Secretary of War to furnish an itemized account showing what was spent by the United States officials during the trusteeship of Cuba, and whether such expenditures were authorized by the Secretary of War. The resolution was referred to the House Committee on Military Affairs. The resolution grows out of the evidence given yesterday before the Senate Cuban Committee relative to certain expenditures in connection with Cuban reciprocity.

The freight steamship Hugoma, of the New York and Porto Rico Steamship Company, went ashore in New York harbor yesterday, owing to a dense fog.

### COLLISION OF TRAINS AT CHATTANOOGA.

Three Men Killed Outright and About Fifteen Others More or Less Seriously Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., June 12.—A fatal collision occurred on the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad this afternoon between Hooker and Summit, two small stations about twelve miles from this city. Three men were killed outright and about fifteen others more or less seriously injured. Possibly two or three of the wounded will die from the effects of their injuries.

Train No. 98, known as the Jasper accommodation, left Chattanooga about 2:40 o'clock this afternoon. It was due at Summit at 3:08. The other train, fast mail No. 1, from Nashville, was behind time and the meeting point of these trains had been changed from the old station to Summit. One engineer it is said, overlooked his orders and ran past the designated meeting place. Fireman L. A. Rankin, of this city, was horribly mangled and died almost instantly. Engineer Rollins was badly injured, his legs terribly crushed and a large hole made in his head and left side. His injuries are considered fatal.

Engineer George J. Ray, of the fast mail, is seriously injured and, it is thought, fatally. His fireman, James Bernard, was caught under the small engine and literally burned to death. A handful of cinders and charred flesh was all that could be found of him. Express Messenger Webb, of the fast mail, was caught under the debris and died shortly after being moved to a place of safety.

The story of the wreck told by the passengers is a thrilling one. On account of the position of the track, there being a double reverse curve at the place of the wreck, the passengers were able to see from the side of the cars the approaching accommodation train. They thought it merely a passing of regular trains and they did not heed the warning until the crash came, and it was too late to help themselves. The accommodation train, being the lighter one, was telescoped, the heavy engine of the fast train ploughing its way through the cars and splintering them into kindling wood. Both engines had their positions reversed and were thrown forty yards from the track. None of the passengers were seriously injured.

### THE ILLINOIS-IOWA TORNADO.

More Victims of the Storm—Eight Students Injured—A Child Killed by Flying Missiles—Others Are Hurt.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DES MOINES, IOWA, June 12.—For the first time in two days the telephone and telegraph communication with Washington has been obtained.

Four wagon loads of students enjoying a picnic at Coppoc, nine miles south of Washington, were caught by the storm during their return journey. One wagon containing nine members of the high school class, which had just graduated, sought shelter in a school house, which was blown to pieces, burying all in the debris. Eight students were injured. One of them will die.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., June 12.—Wire communication through McLean county is being resumed and additional details of Tuesday night's tornado are coming to light. One more death is added to the list of the McLean county victims Cora Reynolds, two years old, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A Reynolds, residing east of Saybrook, was struck by flying missiles and killed. Her mother was seriously injured and lies in a critical condition with little hope of recovery. Another child was picked up and carried to a field some distance away, but was unhurt. The residence was completely demolished.

### FATAL FEUD IN NEW ORLEANS

Desperate Fight Between Sicilians—Three Men Killed and Two Others Seriously Wounded.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, June 12.—As the result of a fight in this city last night between Sicilians, Salvadore Luciano, Vincenzo Vetura and Marcello Ferri are dead, and Joseph Gerrachi and Joseph Colamia, charged with the murder of Luciano and Vetura, are seriously wounded.

The difficulty was the outcome of an old feud existing between the two factions of the Sicilian race in this city. Luciano and Vetura were met by Garrachi and Colamia on Paydras street last night and the men immediately opened fire. Luciano and Vetuia were killed and Joseph Gerrachi and Joseph Colamia were wonuded. Gerrachi may die. Both deny having done any shooting.

Antonio Luciano, a relative of the dead men, this morning met Marcello Ferri, who he said had taken part in the killing of his brother. Securing a shotgun Luciano fired both barrels into Ferri's body, killing him instantly. Luciano was arrested.

### CINCINNATI AND TOPEKA.

U. S. Cruisers Awaiting Orders at San Juan, P. R.—Destination Unknown.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN JUAN, PORTO RICO, June 12.—The United States cruisers Cincinnati and Topeka are awaiting orders here with their bunkers full of coal. Their destination is unknown.

The United States steamer Potomac is on her way to Fort de France, Island of Martinique, to get Colonel Louis H. Ayme, the United States consul at Guadaloupe who has been attending to American interests in Martinique since shortly after the volcanic outbreak. Colonel Ayme, who had suffered from the strain of night and day work, has been accorded a vacation and will go to the United States to recuperate.

### GERMAN CRUISERS.

The Falke and Gazelle Sent to La Guayra to Guard German Interests.

By Cable to the Morning Star

BERLIN, June 12.—The Foreign Office here is without details of the reported bombardment of the seaport of La Guayra, Venezuela, by the forts and Venezuelan warships in consequence of a revolutionary movement in the suburbs.

The Foreign Office, however, takes the occasion of this inquiry to say that the German cruisers Falke and Gazelle were ordered to La Guayra simply to safeguard German interests there and that their presence in Venezuelan waters is in no way connected with Germany's long pending claims against Venezuela. As soon as order is restored the cruisers in question will leave Venezuela.

### ENTANGLED IN A NET AND DROWNED

A Sad Accident to a Party of Pleasure Seekers at Rosston, Pennsylvania.

### TWO MEN LOST THEIR LIVES.

A Third Man Was Probably Fatally Injured—Members of Their Families Were Spectators—Unable to Render Assistance.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KITTANNING, PA., June 12.—Two men lost their lives and a third was probably fatally injured at Rosston this afternoon in one of the saddest drowning accidents known in this vicinity. The dead are Andrew Hileman, aged 55 years, married; Kirk Bailey, Jr., aged 19 years, single. Injured: Dwight Bailey, aged 43 years, married.

The Bailey and Hileman families, about sixteen in all, left their homes in Rosston and went to the banks of Crooked Run, a short distance away, about 4 o'clock this afternoon. They had a fishing net with them and began to fish for minnows with great success. The net after being out several times finally became entangled in a snag. The water at this point is about ten feet deep, the location being familiarly known as the "sink hole." After vainly endeavoring to release the net young Kirk Bailey swam out to see what the trouble was. As he approached the net he was suddenly perceived to become white and then called for help, saying that his feet had become entangled in the net. His struggles were terrible, and Andrew Hileman seeing that the boy could not continue the struggle much longer started to his rescue. As Hileman was approaching the trapped boy he too was seen to throw up his hands and make desperate struggles to go forward. The fatal net had also wrapped around his feet and he was caught in the same plight as the boy. Dwight Bailey, father of the struggling boy, now jumped into the water and started to release the imprisoned men. When he neared the net he was caught as his son and Mr. Hileman had been and he yelled to the crowd on the bank that he was caught in the net and could do nothing more. Finally, A. B. Bailey, brother of Dwight, who had been called to the scene, saw at a glance the direction in which the net had been dragged. Keeping above the net he succeeded in rescuing his brother and getting him to the shore in an unconscious, condition from which he had not rallied at 9 p. m. He will probably die.

At the instant the elder Bailey was released from the net the son sank for the last time, and Mr. Hileman, seeming to make a final effort to help the youth, also drowned. During all the time the men were struggling in the water their wives and families were on the bank in agonized helplessness. Hileman and Bailey are well known and quite wealthy. All connected with the accident are prominent and of the oldest families in Armstrong county.

### ANTHRACITE COAL MINERS.

Situation Unchanged—Efforts to Stop Demonstrations by Strikers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WILKESBARRE, PA., June 12.—The mine workers' officials have been making a strong effort to have the strikers at Durica and vicinity prevent any violence. Several men have been there to talk to the strikers and this afternoon District President T. D. Nicholls went himself to see what he can do. It is likely that he will be able to put a stop to the demonstrations that have been going on there during this week.

The Wyoming Valley to-day was unusually quiet. Neither the strike leaders nor the mining superintendents had anything to say, reporting the situation to be without change. President Mitchell had no news to give regarding the soft coal strike in West Virginia.

### ON TRIAL IN PARIS.

Two Men and a Woman from Chicago Charged With Robbery.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, June 12.—The trial of Geo. Miller, "Eddie" Guerin, of Chicago, and May Churchill, known as "Chicago May," who were arrested in Paris last Summer, the two former charged with having entered the offices of the American Express the night of April 16, 1901, and stolen 30,000 francs, and May Churchill with being their accomplice, began here to-day and will probably last for three days.

In the dock to-day Miller accused Guerin of the theft, whereupon the latter became furious and endeavored to strike his accuser. Guards were obliged to separate the two men.

### BASEBALL.

Scores of Games Played Yesterday by the League Teams.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit, 3; Baltimore, 9.
Chicago, 5; Boston, 2.
Cleveland, 5; Philadelphia, 4.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 3; Cincinnati, 12.
Brooklyn, 0; Pittsburg, 5.
Boston, 3; Chicago, 1.
New York, 6; St. Louis, 1.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Little Rock, 6; Chattanooga, 4.
No other games played.

### GROUNDED ON A BAR.

U. S. Training Ship in Chesapeake Bay. Tug Gone to Her Assistance.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ANNAPOLIS, MD., June 12.—The United States training ship Chesapeake is ashore at Taylor's Island, off Dorchester county, in the Chesapeake Bay. The tug Standish with a large squad of sailors aboard has gone to her assistance. While cruising in the bay with part of the first, second and third classes aboard, the vessel grounded on a bar. She is said to be in eighteen feet of water and as she draws little more than that, is not thought to have sustained much damage.

Rear Admiral John C. Watson and General James H. Wilson, who will represent the navy and army of the United States at the coronation of King Edward, reached London yesterday from Southampton.

Gonzalo de Quesada, the Cuban minister to the United States, arrived in Washington yesterday with his family. Mr. Quesada will call at the State Department to-day to arrange for the presentation of his credentials to President Roosevelt.

Wash Goods Department.

This Department we have on our first floor.

40 inch Lawn, very fine quality, at a special price of 10c. Book-fold India Linen, nice quality, 5c to 25c per yd. Splendid Wash Lawns for summer dresses at 4c per yd. A beautiful Swiss, very fine quality, special price 15c per yd.

72-inch wide Organdie, at 25c, in black and white.

36-inch wide Organdie, in black and white 15c.

36-inch fine Percale at 7c; special—1000 yds; Shirting Calicos at 4c per yd.

54-inch wide pure linen Table Damask, special at 25c per yd. Turkey Red Table Damask at 20c per yd.

Defender Sheets, nicely hemmed and well made, at 55c and 65c. Pillow cases 8c, 10c and 12½c.

A 44-inch fine Turkish bath towel at 10c. Very fine linen Towels at 10, 15, and 25c. each.

Dress goods 5c yd. Very fine Serge for Summer skirts just received: 42 inch wide, all wool, at 50c, per yd. 48-inch wide beautiful Serge at 75c. per yd.

Mohair for Bath Suits for ladies and men at a special price of 38c per yard.

Splendid Flannels at 25c a yard. A nice line of new Pearl Buttons—just received—10c, 12½c and 15c a dozen.

Ladies' Sash Pins, just received—all new and pretty goods—10c, 25c and 69c.

Millinery Department—In this department we have just received a big line of new Ribbons, Laces and Hats—in fact, we receive new goods every day. A nice line of ladies' Embroidery, Collars and Belts and Gause Vests and Muslin Underwear; 25 dozen B. C. N. Corsets; also, a full stock of ready-made Skirts for ladies.

In our ladies' ready-made Dress Department, we can sell you a nicely made suit for $1.39. Summer Suits nicely embroidered at $2.50 and $3.00 and $4.00. A big line of Shirt Waists, in silks and ginghams and lawns.

Ladies' Underskirts—A nice mercerized Satteen, accordion pleated Underskirt for 50c. Handsome Skirts at $1.00 and $1.25 and $1.50. Beautiful Linen Skirts, handsomely made, $1.25, $1.39 and $1.50 each.

Children's washable caps at 9c each. Mosquito canopies, well made with frame, at $1.19. The best net full size at $1.50. The perfection canopy, the newest patent, at $3.25; for small beds at $2.50. Six dozen new Brussels rugs at 69c, 95c and $1.19; special new thing.

A full line of good Hammocks from 65c to $2.98. Our Corset dept. We claim we sell the best goods sold in the city. Our B. C. N. Corsets at 50c are equal to any 75c Corset in town. All sizes in Summer Corsets, long and short waisted, at 39c to $1. We have all sizes in Corsets, 18 to 30.

Our Men and Boys' Clothing Department. We would like to mention and would like to receive your orders for this line. We have a full line of summer Coats in flannel and serge and mohairs. A nice flannel Suit for youths and men at $4.50 a suit.

44 pair fine worsted Pants for boys and young men that we are selling for $1.48, worth $2.50.

Remember we sell Shoes, and we guarantee every pair, and sell all grades from cheapest to best.

Come to see us and bring your card and get a present free. We do business on the up-to-date plan. We buy and sell for cash. We buy every kind of merchandise that we can buy cheap for cash that is of good value and up-to-date.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, PROPRIETOR,

Wilmington's Big Racket Store,

208 and 210 North Front Street,

je 8 tf

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Solo Agents.

New Lot Just Received.

Wear McMillan's $3.00 Shoe

AND SAVE YOUR 50 CENTS.
ANY STYLE YOU WANT.

THIS IS THE PLACE.

LEVI McMILLAN & CO.,

Fourth and Campbell Streets.

PHONE 605.

my 10 tf

### FATAL EXPLOSION.

Two Women Lost Their Lives Using Kerosene to Start a Fire.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ROANOKE, VA., June 12.—As the result of an explosion of a can of kerosene oil, which was being used to start a fire in a kitchen stove, Mrs. Emma Sinclair, aged 50, and her daughter, Jessie Sinclair, aged 16, were burned so badly this evening that they died several hours later. The mother attempted to extinguish the flames which had enveloped her daughter.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

**Notice**—Call up A. S. Winstead for fresh vegetables, Berries, Peaches Eggs, Butter, Lemons, Bananas, &c. I will do my best to please all Bell 'Phone 203; Inter-State 'Phone 209. A. S. Winstead, No, 213 Market street. je 13 tf

**Wanted**—1,000 Feather Beds. Highest cash prices paid. Apply at Bonitz Hotel, 129 Market street. M. Levy, je 3 1w

**For Sale**—Berkshire Pigs and Brown Leghorn Chickens. The very best. Can furnish first-prize Sow Pig for next State Fair. L. L. Seller, Wilmington, N. C. je 6 3m

**Notice**—Fresh Florida Peaches just received. Send in your orders now before they are all gone. Fresh Fruits and Vegetables received daily. Remember the place, in Dr.'s row, on Market street. J. K. Westbrook, Bell 'Phone 417. ma 29 tf

**Sewing Machines,** Typewriters, Organs and Furniture repaired, cleaned and revarnished; Upholstering done also. H. J. Gruman's headquarters for Wall Paper. J. B. Farrar, No. 8½ North Second street. my 16 tf

**For Sale or Rent**—Numbers 304 and 308 South Front street; also will sell one vacant lot fronting 50 feet on Front street adjoining the latter. For particulars apply to F. A. Lord. mch 28 tf

**Old Newspapers** for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

THE 1831 COUNTRY Seventy-Second Year GENTLEMAN 1902

The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper

AND ADMITTEDLY THE

Leading Agricultural Journal of the World.

Every department written by specialists, the highest authorities in their respective lines.

No other paper pretends to compete with it in qualifications of editorial staff.

Gives the agricultural NEWS with a degree of fullness and completeness not even attempted by others.

INDISPENSABLE TO

All Country Residents

WHO WISH TO

KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES.

Single Subscription, $1.50;

Two Subscriptions, $2.50;

Five Subscriptions, $5.50.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO RAISERS OF LARGER CLUBS.

Four Months' Trial Trip 50 cents.

SPECIMEN COPIES

will be mailed free on request. It will pay any body interested in any way in country life to send for them. Address the publishers:

LUTHER TUCKER & SON.,
Albany, N. Y.

oct 19 tf